

# THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

"Of the People and for the People."

VOLUME 25.

CHELSEA, MICH., THURSDAY, MAY 7, 1896.

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NUMBER 37.

## A Little Talk ON Carpets.

Now is the time when carpets are being pulled up, and with many it is a question as to whether the old one will pull through another season or not.

Don't chance it when you can buy a new all-wool ingrain carpet at from 45c to 50c per yard.

The very best all-wool cotton chain carpets at from 35c to 40c per yard.

Half-wool carpets at 30c per yard.

All cotton carpet at from 15c to 25c per yard.

As many new carpets were never shown in Chelsea at any one time.

We haven't got all there is in Washtenaw county. Wouldn't have a large per cent of them at any price, but we want you to bear in mind that we have more new ones. Can show you handsomer patterns and make lower prices than you can find anywhere else.

In our carpet department we are showing a large assortment of matting, curtains, draperies, shades, fixtures, etc., at very low prices.

Look around and satisfy yourself who has the new goods and correct styles.

### W. P. SCHENK & COMPANY.

Remember we have Standard Patterns. They are giving the best of satisfaction. Try them.

## OUR STOCK OF Paints & Alabastine

Is complete and at the right prices. We are selling Buggies, Surreys, Road Wagons and the Flint Lumber Wagons very cheap.

Remember we sell Steel Beam Gale and New Burch Plows. 4 genuine Gale points for \$1.00.

### W. J. KNAPP.

## Attention, Farmers!

Don't Fail to call at H. L. Wood & Co's. for Garden and Field Seeds. They have 10 varieties of Seed Potatoes.

New Maple Sugar, Pure, 10 cents per pound.

### H. L. WOOD & CO.

## Ha, Ha, Ha!

Where have you been? Down to E. L. Alexander's for a dish of that fine ICE CREAM he is making at his residence this year.

It is the finest on the market. Give him a call and be convinced.

### JOHN BAUMGARDNER,

Designer and Builder of

### \* Artistic Granite Memorials. \*

Office, 6 Detroit St., Ann Arbor, Mich.

Established 1868.

We keep on hand large quantities of all the various granites in the rough, and are prepared to execute fine monumental work on short notice. Original Designs. Correspondence Solicited. Electric Works 6, 8, 10 Detroit St., and 17-19 5th Ave. Dock and Derrick 2-3 Miller Ave.

#### Fleming-Liebeck.

A beautiful wedding was solemnized in St. Mary's church on Tuesday, May 5, 1896, when Mr. Philip Fleming, of Henrietta, Mich., and Miss Katharine Liebeck, of Sylvan, Mich., were united in the holy bonds of matrimony.

The day was a lovely May day, bright and beautiful. The altars were exquisitely decorated with choice flowers, and the church was filled with relatives and friends of the happy couple.

The ceremony was performed by the Rev. William P. Considine, rector of St. Mary's church, Chelsea, and there the beautiful nuptial high mass, with the rich blessings of the church, was celebrated. The music was excellent, and the "Ave Maria" sung at the offertory was very sweet and appropriate. Mr. William Fleming, of Henrietta, cousin of the groom, and Miss Elizabeth Liebeck, sister of the bride, were the attendants.

The bridal party went at once after the religious services to the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Liebeck, of Sylvan, where an excellent dinner was served and a largely attended reception was given. More than 100 invitations were given, most of them accepted. The presents were numerous, appropriate and beautiful, and evidenced the esteem in which the young people are held.

Mr. and Mrs. Fleming are young people greatly respected by all who know them. Mr. Fleming is a prosperous farmer of Henrietta, and took his bride to a home beautifully furnished, where they will be glad to receive their many friends.

The kindly wishes of hosts of relatives and friends attend Mr. and Mrs. Fleming for a long and happy wedded life. We join in the felicitations extended.

#### School Report.

The report of the school in District No. 10, Sylvan township, for the month ending May 1st, 1896, is as follows:

Number of days taught, 19; grand total number of days attendance, 284; average daily attendance, 14; number of pupils enrolled, 7 boys, 10 girls; total 17.

Those who stood above 80 per cent are as follows: May Havens, \*Arthur Young, Ella Savage, Alice Savage, Harry Long, \*Mary Ross, Mamie Keelan.

Those marked with an asterisk are those who have not been absent a day this month. Miss CORA E. SEEGER, Teacher.

#### List of Patents

Granted to Michigan inventors this week, reported by C. A. Snow & Co., solicitors of American and foreign patents, opposite United States patent office, Washington, D. C.:

J. A. Bowden, Detroit, filter; H. L. Boyer, Monroe, car coupling; D. D. Buick, Detroit, water closet; A. O. Carman, Maple Rapids, paper box; R. L. Choate, Detroit, manufacture of coin cases; W. F. Condon, Saginaw, safety car brake; W. R. Fox, Grand Rapids, rivet; F. W. Hawkins, Detroit, Ann Arbor, process of and apparatus for manufacturing steel castings; E. S. Hoyt, Detroit, apparatus for manufacturing gas; R. L. Jones, Saginaw, ballot box; C. H. Muckenhirn, Battle Creek, water closet; L. Nerreter, Standish, means for protecting foundation timbers from rot; J. B. Newman, Detroit, check and shade holder; H. H. Port, Dowagiac, combined vehicle box and spindle; G. W. Sleeper, Detroit, shoe; H. D. Woodworth, Kalamazoo, sign board.

#### Flower Festival.

The ladies of the M. E. church will hold their annual flower festival May 14, 15 and 16, in Boyd's store. All persons wishing plants will do well to call and purchase of us. We expect to have a fine variety.

MRS. CUSHMAN Secretary.

#### Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Feyer Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. P. Glazier & Co.

## Anybody CAN Afford One

# IF

Anybody can afford a watch if they will buy it at the Bank Drug Store. We are making very close prices on

### First-class Timepieces.

Call and look our large assortment over before buying. We will save you money on everything in the line of rings, pins, chains, charms, etc.

### Wall Paper, Alabastine, Decorating Paints

Still continue to be in great demand. We have large assortments to select from and are making our customers very low prices.

### Fresh Garden Seeds in bulk and in packages.

Every pound of

### Tea and Coffee

That we sell helps to sell another. We can guarantee our spices and extracts to be pure.

17 pounds gran. sugar for \$1.00.  
8 pounds whole, clean rice for 25c  
Choice Herring, 13c per box  
7 cakes Jackson soap for 25 cents.  
6 pounds English currents for 25c  
Good tea dust 8c per pound.  
50 pounds sulphur for \$1.00  
Garden seeds of all descriptions  
Pure maple sugar 10c per pound.  
4 pounds fresh prunes for 25c  
Strongest ammonia 4 cents per pint.  
10 pounds best oatmeal for 25 cents.  
Good sugar corn 5 cents per can.  
Good Alaska Salmon 10c per can

7 cans sardines for 25 cents.  
6 pounds best crackers for 25c.  
Poultry powder 15c per package.  
Choice apricots 10c per pound.  
Fairbanks' cotolene 7c per pound.  
Large cucumber pickles 5c doz.  
Try our 25c N. O. molasses.  
Large ripe bananas 20 cents per dozen.  
3 pounds fresh graham wafers for 25c.  
Large choice lemons and oranges.  
10 pound pails white fish for 50c.  
Lamp wicks 1c per yard.  
A first-class lantern for 29c.

## Glazier & Stimson

### A "Love" of a Hat or Bonnet

Is frequently the cause of a quarrel in the family. Our spring styles are not so expensive as to cause one. We have Novelties in Style and Surprises in Price, combined, on exhibition. All are cordially invited to call and inspect my stock.

### NELLIE C. MARONEY.

Rooms over H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co's store

## OLIVER,

New Burch and Bissell Plows and Repairs; Farmer's Favorite and Superior Grain Drills; Buggies, Spring Tooth Harrows, Paints and Oils, Fence Wire, Bicycles and Repairs, all at rock bottom prices.

### HOAG & HOLMES

We are making very low prices on Furniture.

## LADIES

Do you know the best place in the village to buy a Hat or Bonnet? Well give us a call and you will soon find that it is at

### ELLA M. CRAIG'S.

I have just bought and am receiving an elegant new line of Millinery Goods for the spring and summer trade.

## For SAFETY and to DRAW INTEREST,

Deposit your Money in the

### Chelsea Savings Bank.

Spar Bank.

Its Money is protected from fire and burglars by the best screw door, electrical alarm, burglar proof vault-safe made.

W. J. Knapp, Pres. Thos. S. Sears, Vice-Pres. Geo. P. Glazier, Cashier.



# THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN

MAY—1896.

Sun.	Mon.	Tue.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Sat.
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17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31	....	....	....	....	....	....

## THE NEWS.

### Compiled From Late Dispatches.

#### CONGRESSIONAL.

**The Proceedings of the First Session.**  
The whole of the session of the senate on the 28th was occupied in the consideration of the naval appropriation bill. The house passed the general pension bill by a vote of 187 to 54 and the bankruptcy bill was discussed.

In the senate on the 29th ult. resolutions were adopted accepting from the state of Wisconsin the statue of James Marquette. The naval appropriation bill was then taken up and the remainder of the session was given up to political speeches. The house spent the day in further discussion of the bankruptcy bill.

The naval appropriation bill was further discussed in the senate on the 30th ult. A bill was favorably reported to protect free labor from convict competition by confining the sale of goods manufactured by convict labor to the state where produced. Senator Hill introduced a bill in relation to contempt of United States courts, the bill defining direct contempt to be those committed during the sitting of a court or a judge in chambers in its of his presence; all other contempts are indirect. In the house the general debate on the bankruptcy bill was concluded. A bill was introduced to provide for the purchase of the birthplace of Abraham Lincoln in Kentucky and to erect on the site a national soldiers' home, to be known as the "Lincoln Soldiers' Home."

In the United States senate on the 1st during the discussion of the naval appropriation bill Senator Tillman (S. C.) made a bitter attack on the president and secretary of the treasury and was replied to by Senator Hill (N. Y.). Senator Butler (N. C.) introduced a bill to make the Mexican silver dollar, the Japanese yen and the trade dollar equal in value to the standard dollar of the United States. The house devoted the major portion of the day to debate on the bankruptcy bill. A bill to provide for a delegate in congress from the territory of Alaska was defeated, 44 to 60.

#### DOMESTIC.

Further advice say that 11 persons lost their lives in the recent cyclone in Clay county, Kan.

Navigation on the St. Lawrence river was resumed.

Lucky Davis, Louis Davis, Rufus Buck, Mamot July, Sam Sampson and Ed Wilkey were sentenced to be hanged at Fort Smith, Ark., on July 1 for crimes against women committed in the Indian territory.

A passenger train on the Illinois Central was ditched by a washout a half mile east of Raymond, Ia., and 14 persons were injured, some seriously.

The monthly report of the condition of crops throughout the country was favorable.

The 22d annual encampment of the Iowa department, G. A. R., met in Cedar Rapids with 10,000 old soldiers in attendance.

William Paul was hung in the state prison at Columbus, O., for the murder of his father-in-law, Jacob Yockey, in September, 1894.

Forest fires were doing immense damage in Crawford and Clark counties in Indiana.

The village of Epiphany, N. D., was completely destroyed by a cyclone, not a building being left standing, and three persons were fatally and 15 more or less seriously injured.

William Scarborough, Joseph Heidelberg, Mrs. Lucinda Williamson and Charles Granberry were killed by a cloudburst at Waldo, O.

A destructive cyclone passed over sections of Boone, Audrain and Monroe counties in Missouri.

Miss Florence Pullman, daughter of George M. Pullman, was married in Chicago to Frank Orren Lowden, of Hubbard, Ia.

A cyclone did great damage in Chickasaw, Butler and Bremer counties in Iowa, many houses and barns being wrecked. No lives were lost.

Gov. Hastings refused to grant a reprieve to H. H. Holmes, who is to be hanged in Philadelphia on May 7 for the murder of Benjamin F. Pitzel.

Another incendiary fire at Cripple Creek, Colo., destroyed nearly every building in the place, the loss being over \$1,500,000. Several persons lost their lives, many were injured and thousands were homeless and destitute.

At Seattle, Wash., Albert Rieuliff shot and killed his wife and then committed suicide. Jealousy was the cause.

The abandoned factory of the Denver Hardware Manufacturing company was burned at Denver, the loss being \$100,000.

Bill Taylor was hanged at Carrollton, Mo., for the murder of the Meeks family in Linn county on May 10, 1894.

By the sinking of the steamer Wyandotte off Newport News eight persons lost their lives.

Robert Ward, living near Henshaw, Ky., fatally shot his wife and then committed suicide. Mrs. Ward was attractive and only 20 years old. Ward was 40 years old and jealous.

The Farmers' Advocate of Malone, N. Y., the official organ of the Patrons of Industry of the United States, was placed in the hands of a receiver.

The Baltimore & Ohio cannonball express was derailed near Washington, Pa., and Patrick Flaherty, fireman, was killed and Henry McBurney, engineer, and J. M. Neely, baggagemaster, were fatally injured.

A fire among business buildings in Quincy, Ill., caused a loss of \$300,000.

At the annual congress in Richmond, Va., of the national society of the Sons of the American Revolution Gen. Horace Porter, of New York, was reelected president.

Four persons lost their lives in the great fire at Cripple Creek, Colo., 19 were injured and 22 were missing. Great distress prevailed among the people.

The village of Naylor, Mo., was sold at public auction to satisfy eastern creditors.

The 4,000 miners in the bituminous field in Indiana struck for an increase in wages.

The great eight-hour demonstration by the trades unions of the country scheduled for May 1 did not take place, only a very few strikes being reported.

The City savings bank at Hot Springs, Ark., closed its doors.

The twenty-second quadrennial conference of the Methodist Episcopal church convened in Cleveland, O., with 537 delegates.

The body of ex-Secretary of State Gresham was taken from Chicago to Washington, where it will find a resting place in Arlington, the national cemetery.

C. K. Wilber, for ten years the efficient western passenger agent of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern railway, has recently been promoted to the position of assistant general passenger agent of the same road, with headquarters in Chicago.

The Bank of Fairland, Ill., closed its doors with \$8,000 due depositors.

Official treasury figures make the government deficit for the ten months of the fiscal year \$23,455,190.

The national bank note circulation outstanding is \$22,101,345, an increase during April of \$2,573,540.

Coinage executed at United States mints during April aggregated \$3,471,670, of which gold amounted to \$1,500,000 and silver to \$1,971,670.

The J. L. Hudson company, clothiers in Detroit, made an assignment with liabilities of \$500,000.

The business portion of the town of Indianola, Miss., was destroyed by fire.

The public debt statement issued on the 1st showed that the debt increased \$3,545,417 during the month of April. The cash balance in the treasury was \$868,799,556. The total debt, less the cash balance in the treasury, amounts to \$945,287,670.

The exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 1st aggregated \$982,885,511, against \$1,012,353,800 the previous week. The decrease, compared with the corresponding week in 1895, was 10.2.

Bob Ward shot and fatally wounded his wife, Ella Ward, and killed himself in a sawmill camp near Henshaw, Ky.

There were 238 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 1st, against 238 the week previous and 231 in the corresponding period of 1895.

#### PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

Josephus Hopewood was nominated for governor at the prohibition convention in Nashville, Tenn., and national delegates to Pittsburgh were elected.

The first state convention in Illinois of the Republican Women's league was held in Springfield and nominated Mrs. Mary Turner Carriel, of Jacksonville, for trustee of the state university.

In convention at Springfield the Illinois republicans nominated John R. Tanner, of Clay county, for governor, and W. A. Northcott, of Bond county, for lieutenant governor, and then adjourned for the day.

At Montpelier, Vt., the republican state convention adopted a resolution expressing a preference for Maj. McKinley as a presidential candidate. The platform opposes silver agitation and favors protection and reciprocity.

Georgia republicans met at Atlanta and adopted a platform reaffirming the principles of the republican party and elected delegates to the national convention who favor McKinley.

Michigan democrats in convention at Detroit elected delegates to the national convention and adopted a platform favoring the gold standard.

The Mississippi democrats in convention at Jackson adopted a platform declaring for tariff for revenue only and for free coinage of silver and selected delegates to the national convention who indorse such views.

The democratic state convention at Allentown, Pa., indorsed ex-Gov. Robert E. Pattinson's candidacy for the presidential nomination and declared against the free coinage of silver. John M. Broden and Benjamin F. Potts were nominated for congressmen at large.

The Third district prohibitionists of Maine nominated Dr. W. S. Thompson, of Augusta, for congress.

The republicans of the Fifth district of Michigan renominated William A. Smith for congress.

The Maine prohibitionists in state convention at Waterville nominated Rev. A. S. Ladd, of Calais, for governor.

The Illinois republicans in convention at Springfield nominated the following ticket: For governor, John R. Tanner; lieutenant governor, W. A. Northcott; secretary of state, James A. Rose; state auditor, J. S. McCullough; state treasurer, Henry L. Hertz; attorney general, E. C. Aiken. The delegates at large to St. Louis are Richard J. Oglesby, R. W. Patterson, Joseph W. Fifer and William Penn Nixon, and they were instructed to vote for McKinley for president. The platform declares for the gold standard, protection of home industries, reciprocity, and condemns the administration of Gov. Altgeld.

Dr. H. C. Nicholson, who invented the quadruplex telegraph instruments, died at his home in Nicholson, Ky., aged 74 years.

Catherine Judd, known as "Aunt" Judd, died in Bridgeport, Conn., aged 102 years.

Presidential preferences of the delegates so far elected to the republican national convention are given as follows: McKinley, 439; Reed, 103; Morton, 59; Quay, 49; Allison, 35; Bradley, 16; unpledged, 51; total, 732.

#### FOREIGN.

A bomb exploded in the palace of Gen. Weyler in Havana and wrecked part of the building. Insurgents were charged with the deed.

The house of Jean Louis Mercer was destroyed by fire at Magpie, Can., and his wife, son and daughter perished in the flames.

The Spanish gunboat Mensagera captured and took into Havana the American schooner Competitor of Key West, Fla., loaded with arms and ammunition, believed to be intended for the insurgents.

Advices from Pretoria say that the sentence of death had been taken off the four prisoners, Hammond, Rhodes, Farrar and Phillips. It was undecided what punishment would be substituted.

In a collision at Woo Sung, China, between the steamers New Cwang and On Wo the latter sank and over 200 persons, mostly Chinese, were drowned.

An explosion by which 100 persons were believed to have perished occurred in a colliery at Mickelfield, Yorkshire.

The Canadian government has adopted an order exempting American vessels from entry and clearance charges at Canadian ports.

Princess Beatrice, youngest daughter of Queen Victoria and widow of Prince Henry of Battenburg, has been appointed governor of the Isle of Wight, the office previously held by her husband.

While Nazir-Ed-Din, the shah of Persia, was entering the inner court of the shrine of Shah Abdul Azim, six miles south of Teheran, he was shot and almost instantly killed by an assassin, who was arrested.

The distress owing to the drouth in the northwest province of East India was unexampled. It was estimated that 200,000 persons were employed on relief work.

Fifteen hundred houses were destroyed by fire at Taleishi, Japan.

#### LATER.

The percentages of the baseball clubs in the National league for the week ended on the 3d were as follows: Pittsburgh, .818; Philadelphia, .667; Boston, .667; Chicago, .615; Washington, .583; Cincinnati, .583; Brooklyn, .500; Cleveland, .500; St. Louis, .462; Baltimore, .417; New York, .167; Louisville, .077.

The Moulton Leather company, having factories at Lynn, Mass., failed for \$135,000.

The steamer Bermuda, which sailed from Philadelphia April 23 for Cuba with 90 men, two Gatling guns, 1,000 rifles, 500,000 rounds of ammunition and 1,000 pounds of dynamite for the insurgents, made a successful landing.

The rebel forces in Nicaragua surrendered and the rebellion in that republic has ended.

Spontaneous combustion in the pants factory of W. A. Fuller & Co. in San Francisco started a fire which caused a loss of \$500,000.

Judge Horton decided in Chicago that the bucket-shops were as legitimate as the board of trade.

Muzafer-ed-Din, second son of the late shah of Persia, was enthroned at Tabriz with the title of shah-in-shah (king of kings).

Two trays of diamond rings, valued at \$7,000, were stolen from the store of M. G. Cohen in Pittsburgh, Pa.

Rev. E. Edwin Hall died at his home in New Haven, Conn., at the age of 82 years. He was the founder of the Protestant church at Florence, Italy.

A cloudburst near Clarksburg, Va., washed away many farm buildings and hundreds of cattle were drowned.

A dispatch from Madrid says the Spanish government has declined the pope's mediation in Cuban affairs.

The new Tremont temple, the most beautifully furnished and costly free church in America, was dedicated in Boston with services of an unusually elaborate character.

"The Pines," the summer residence near Ellsworth, Me., of United States Senator Hale, with all its contents, was destroyed by fire, the loss being \$50,000.

Washington, May 4.—After a week's debate, which has taken a wide range, the senate on Saturday passed the naval appropriation bill. It provides, among other things, for two battle ships and 13 torpedo boats. In the house, after five days of debate, the Henderson bill to establish a uniform system of bankruptcy was passed by a vote of 167 to 81. It provides for both voluntary and involuntary bankruptcy.

#### ABOUT EUROPEAN CITIES.

The annual death roll of suicides at Monte Carlo amounts on an average to 40.

Paris burglars recently broke into the office of one of the judges in the Palais de Justice, but opened the wrong safe, finding only law papers, which they left behind.

Amsterdam has now municipalized the water and telephone service of the city. Next year it will take possession of the gas works and, as soon as possible, of the street car service.

Tivoli's famous waterfalls are now utilized to provide electric power for lighting Rome. The power is conveyed 18 miles over the wires, and in the daytime is used to drive the street cars.

Venice is built on 80 islands, great and small, connected by 400 bridges. There is not a carriage in the city, although footways are abundant, and it is possible to go from one end of the city to the other on foot, though sometimes long detours must necessarily be made.

#### ROYAL WOMEN.

Young King Alexander of Serbia has got the mitten again, Princess Marie of Greece, whom he hoped to marry, having become engaged to Grand Duke George Michaelovitch of Russia.

Queen Rainvalona of Madagascar signed the treaty conveying the island to France with a steel pen made in Birmingham. Gen. Duchesne, who commanded the French expedition, now has the pen and holder.

The Austrian Empress Elizabeth amused herself while in Naples recently by buying up the entire stock of a toy store and distributing it among a crowd of delighted children. There is no limit to that sort of amusement in Naples.

The empress of Austria's villa at Corfu, which was built six years ago and which cost more than £500,000, is to be sold. The empress has not spent six months in Corfu since the villa was finished, but declares herself to be tired of the place.

#### For Grand Army Men.

A splendid battlefield map in four colors, showing all the most famous battlefields of the Virginia and a complete list of 450 battles and skirmishes, with dates, compiled from the official war records, will be mailed to any address on receipt of 25 cents in stamps. Address U. L. TRUITT, N. W. P. A., Ches. & Ohio Ry., 234 Clark St., Chicago, Ill.

"No," said Mr. Wickwire, "I haven't tried to get funny around the house since I told the hired girl to boil the ice—and she did."—Indianapolis Journal.

#### To Cleanse the System.

Effectually yet gently, when costive or bilious, or when the blood is impure or sluggish, to permanently overcome habitual constipation, to awaken the kidneys and liver to a healthy activity, without irritating or weakening them, to dispel headaches, colds, or fevers, use Syrup of Figs.

The tongue of a fool is the key of his counsel, which in a wise man wisdom hath in keeping.—Socrates.

#### McVicker's Theater.

Monday, May 11, first presentation upon any stage of the historical romantic opera, entitled "John and Priscilla." Music by Prof. H. H. Thiele. Book by Harry G. Sommers. The opera will be given only four evening and one matinee presentation.

NATURE hath appointed the twilight as a bridge to pass us out of night into day.—Fuller.

#### Piano and Organ Agents.

WANTED—Reliable men to take the agency for our pianos and organs in every county not already represented. Money can be made. Only men of good habits who can give first-class references need apply. Address ESTLEY & CAMP, No. 233 State St., Chicago, Ill.

"WHERE are all the wicked people buried?" asked a small boy who had been reading the inscriptions in a churchyard.

Fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and \$2 trial bottle free. Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

The past and future are veiled; but the past wears the widow's veil, the future the virgin's.—Richter.

A SHINING EXAMPLE of what may be accomplished by never varying devotion to a single purpose is seen in the history of the McCormick Harvesting Machine Co., Chicago. For 65 years they have simply been building grain and grass-cutting machinery, and while there are probably forty manufacturers in this line, it is safe to say that the McCormick Company builds one-third of all the binders, reapers and mowers used throughout the entire world.

One of the health-giving elements of HIRE'S Rootbeer is sarsaparilla. It contains more sarsaparilla than many of the preparations called by that name. HIRE'S—the best by any test.

Made only by The Charles E. Hires Co., Philadelphia. A 12c. package makes 9 gallons. Sold everywhere.

**RECEIVERS' SALE UNION PACIFIC RY. CO. LANDS**  
550,000 ACRES FARM LANDS; 4,000,000 ACRES GRAZING LANDS IN KANSAS, NEBRASKA, COLORADO, WYOMING, UTAH.  
EXCURSION RATES for Home-seekers; FARE REFUNDED to Purchasers.  
REDUCED PRICES—10 YEARS TIME—ONE-TENTH DOWN.  
E. A. McALLISTER, LAND COMMISSIONER, OMAHA, NEBR.

# That

Extreme tired feeling afflicts nearly everybody at this season. The hustlers cease to push, the tireless grow weary, the energetic become enervated. You know just what we mean. Some men and women endeavor temporarily to overcome that

# Tired

Feeling by great force of will. But this is unsafe, as it pulls powerfully upon the nervous system, which will not long stand such strain. Too many people "work on their nerves," and the result is seen in unfortunate wrocks marked "nervous prostration," in every direction. That tired

# Feel-

ing is a positive proof of thin, weak, impure blood; for if the blood is rich, red, vitalized and vigorous, it imparts life and energy to every nerve, organ and tissue of the body. The necessity of taking Hood's Sarsaparilla for that tired feeling is, therefore, apparent to every one, and the good it will do you is equally beyond question. Remember that

# Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. Prepared only by C. L. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are easy to take, easy to operate. 25 cents.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR  
**W. L. DOUGLAS**  
\$3. SHOE BEST IN THE WORLD. \$3.  
If you pay \$4 to \$5 for shoes, examine the W. L. Douglas Shoe, and see what a good shoe you can buy for

OVER 100 STYLES AND WIDTHS. CONGRESS, BUTTON, and LACE, made in all kinds of the best selected leather by skilled workmen. We make and sell more \$3 Shoes than any other manufacturer in the world. None genuine unless name and price is stamped on the bottom.

Ask your dealer for our \$5, \$4, \$3.50, \$2.50, \$2.25 Shoes; \$2.60, \$2 and \$1.75 for boys.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE. If your dealer cannot supply you, send to factory, enclosing price and 3 cents to pay carriage. State kind, style of toe (cap or plain), size and width. Our Custom Dept. will fill your order. Send for new illustrated Catalogue to Box 11.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

For your Protection  
we positively state that this remedy does not contain mercury or any other injurious drug. Nasal Catarrh is a local disease and is the result of colds and sudden climatic changes.  
**ELY'S CREAM BALM**  
Opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages, Alleviates Pain and Inflammation. Heals the Sores, Protects the Membrane from Colds, Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. The Balm is quickly absorbed and gives relief at once. Price 50 cents at Druggists or by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

The Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age.  
**KENNEDY'S MEDICAL DISCOVERY.**

DONALD KENNEDY, of ROXBURY, MASS., Has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cures every kind of Humor, from the worst Scrofula down to a common Pimple.

He has tried it in over eleven hundred cases, and never failed except in two cases (both thunder humor.) He has now in his possession over two hundred certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston. Send postal card for book.

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the right quantity is taken.

When the lungs are affected it causes shooting pains, like needles passing through them; the same with the Liver or Bowels. This is caused by the ducts being stopped, and always disappears in a week after taking it. Read the label.

If the stomach is foul or bilious it will cause squeamish feelings at first. No change of diet ever necessary. Eat the best you can get, and enough of it. Dose, one tablespoonful in water at bedtime. Sold by all Druggists.

**WE PAY** cash WEEKLY and just men EXCHANGERS to GOLD (\$3,000.00) FIRM and ALL other No Risk. STARK BRO'S, Louisiana, Mo., Rockport, Ill.



## CASTLES.

There's a building boom in Nowhere land—  
It's the one that comes each year,  
When the spring is new  
And the skies grow blue  
And the south wind whispers cheer.  
With fancy as architect, we've planned  
(His charges are small, but fair)  
Improvements great  
For each vast estate  
And our castle's in the air.

It's only a minute we need to see  
The minarets and towers  
In beauty rise  
Neath our very eyes  
And these treasures all are ours.  
Your likes may be sickle and strange and  
free,  
For easily you repair  
The wreck that falls  
When the old charm falls  
In your castles in the air.

When the golden rivers of twilight start  
And the scarlet sun sinks low,  
It's a journey slight  
To that land of light  
Where the maybe blossoms blow,  
And it's only the friend with the honest  
heart  
Who has followed through ill and fair,  
Who can be your guest  
As you dream and rest  
In your castle in the air.

—Washington Star.

## TRANSPLANTED.

It was the biggest ball of the season,  
and the assembly room of the fashion-  
able watering place was looking its gay-  
est and brightest, thanks to lavish de-  
coration and the kaleidoscopic effect pro-  
duced by the throngs of brilliantly  
dressed dancers as they whirled round  
in all the infinite variety and pictur-  
esque incongruity of fancy costume.

And yet, despite all the life and color,  
there was something fictitious and un-  
real in the brilliant gaiety of the pic-  
turesque scene; just as there was an  
undertone of passionate pain in the  
sweet music of the valse which rang  
through the room, an undertone which  
seemed strangely out of harmony with  
the superficial enjoyment of the crowd.

Or was it only the look in a girl's face  
that was out of keeping, and seemed at  
once to give the lie to all the hollow  
pretense of pleasure around her? To one  
unobserved spectator this idea sudden-  
ly occurred with the force of a convic-  
tion.

It was a beautiful face, beautiful alike  
in regularity of feature and exquisite  
delicacy of coloring. But the smile on  
the sweet mouth was forced and full of  
unnatural gaiety, while the great gray  
eyes had a haunting look of weariness  
which gave them an indescribable  
pathos. The girl was tall and slight,  
and the white dress she wore, graceful  
though it was, seemed almost too rich  
and elaborate for her slender figure.

She was young—scarcely one-and-twenty—  
and looked even younger than her  
years; and the man who was watching  
her drew yet further back into the  
shadow of the heavily curtained door-  
way as a flood of memories rushed over  
him—memories held in check till now  
by an iron will, but released in a mo-  
ment by the sight of the beautiful, sad  
face that was all the world to him,  
though for four long years it had passed  
out of his life. How he had missed her!  
Surely he had never fully realized it till  
now.

A chance remark arrested his atten-  
tion. Two men near were talking to-  
gether, commenting audibly enough on  
the scene before them.

"How charming Maud Carruthers is  
looking to-night! That girl grows  
prettier every time I see her!"

"Is it true that she's engaged to  
young Melbourne?"

"Wants confirmation, I should say.  
He's hard hit, and her people approve of  
him naturally; he's well connected and  
fabulously wealthy; but as to the fair  
Maud herself—if she is engaged to him  
she might look a little more cheerful  
over it."

"Yes, I shouldn't feel flattered in his  
place," the younger man assented.  
"She's not a bit like the other girls one  
meets about; don't know why, but she  
seems out of it somehow."

"Well, her story is rather an odd one,  
you know."

"But I don't know more. Where does  
the oddness come in? Her people are  
conventional enough."

"Yes; but she never saw them till  
she was 16 or 17; for her mother mar-  
ried beneath her, and was cut in con-  
sequence. The marriage turned out  
badly, I believe, and Mrs. Carruthers  
died in Australia, where the child was  
brought up by the people with whom  
she was staying at the time; rather a  
rough and ready bringing up, I fancy."

"Then how does she come to be here,  
and forgiven?"

"Oh, it all came out somehow; Car-  
ruthers died, and then inquiries were  
made as to the child's whereabouts,  
and she was transplanted over here;  
rather a change from her experiences  
in the bush."

"An agreeable one, I should think."

"I'm, that depends on how you look  
at it! Now, from her point of view  
we may be a little tame and common-  
place. I don't know anything about it,  
mind you, but it's just possible she  
may prefer primitive nature to our  
civilization. To my mind the  
girl looks bored."

"Then if she marries Melbourne—"

of them—"Pon my soul, I'm sorry for  
the girl!"

The music ceased, and the speakers  
moved away and the long procession  
of dancers began to pace out into the  
cooler air of the long, flower-decked  
corridor.

But the man near them still kept his  
place in the deep shadow of the cur-  
tains, and watched, with eager eyes,  
to see that tall, white-robed figure pass  
through the doorway.

But he watched in vain. He had lost  
sight of her just before the dance end-  
ed, and she had no doubt left the ball-  
room by some other door. From the  
station he had chosen he could com-  
mand the whole room, and he soon saw  
that Maud Carruthers was no longer  
there.

And to-night he held every moment  
wasted in which she was out of sight  
For the last time—it was for the last  
time—and already the precious mo-  
ments were slipping rapidly away!

He must find her again, even though  
in order to do so he must risk discovery  
and recognition.

Little risk that she would recognize  
him after four years, and in such widely  
different surroundings! His dress,  
too, with its heavy cloak and broad  
sombre hat, would surely be a sufficient  
disguise if she should still chance to  
retain slight recollection of her old  
friend and would-be brother; the man  
under whose roof all her happy child-  
hood had been passed.

And even if she did know him, what  
then?

He was surely capable of keeping his  
secret still, as he had kept it in the old  
days. She was little likely to guess  
it now in all the pride of her trium-  
phant youth and beauty; now  
when so many younger, richer men  
were at her feet. Oh, he knew his  
place! And he smiled grimly to him-  
self. Had not her self-complacent re-  
lations been careful to point it out to him  
—most considerably, no doubt—four  
years ago? Certainly, there was little  
likelihood of his forgetting now. No,  
there could be no real risk in the meet-  
ing should they chance to meet. No  
possible risk for her, and for himself—  
he would gladly give the ten best years  
of his life just to hear her voice again;  
just to meet her gray eyes once more  
with the old frank smile in them that  
he knew so well. No possible risk—no;  
he had been a fool and coward ever  
to think of it; and his resolution to  
keep out of her way—the resolution  
that he had thought so wise and so good  
—was entirely foolish and unnecessary.

She need never know the reason of his  
brief visit "home." Why should not he  
have business in England as well as  
another man; and how should she sus-  
pect the mad desire to see her face to  
face once more that had brought him  
from the other side of the world?

Thus thinking—if, indeed, the rapid  
stream of recollections, suggestions  
and reassuring convictions that rushed  
through his mind could rightly be digni-  
fied with the name of thought—he  
strode boldly out into the corridor; a  
noticeable figure enough from his com-  
manding stature and grand breadth of  
shoulder. Many eyes followed him as  
he passed between the banks of flowers  
with which the wide corridor was lined  
on either side, and many were the specu-  
lations as to who he was, and why he  
was at the ball; since he spoke to no  
one, and nobody seemed to know him.  
But he passed on, unconscious alike of  
admiring eyes and fruitless specula-  
tion.

Meantime Maud had suffered her  
partner to lead her to a wide window  
seat at the farther end of the corridor  
from that where her old friend was  
seeking her. The girl's face looked  
strangely pale now that the flush  
dancing brought to it had died  
away; and there was an expression of  
something very like despair in her wide  
gray eyes as she listened to her com-  
panion's eager words.

"You know you promised me my  
answer to-night, Maud, and we mayn't  
have such a chance again. No one has  
found out this corner yet; but it won't  
escape the observation of the crowd  
long. I've waited patiently, and haven't  
bothered you a bit, and now—at last—  
time's up. You won't ask me to wait  
any longer?" A look of sudden dis-  
may clouded the boyish brightness of  
his face as he spoke, but only for a mo-  
ment.

"No, I won't ask you to wait any  
longer," the girl's words came slowly,  
and with an evident effort; "but—why  
do you want me to say yes, when you  
know that I don't care for you? No,  
hear me out," as he would have inter-  
rupted her. "I like you, but I don't  
care for you in that way, and I never  
shall."

"But you will, Maud; you must when  
you see how awfully fond I—"

"No, I never shall, I know. If you  
insist on marrying me, you shall at  
least do it with your eyes open, Mr.  
Melbourne."

"Oh, don't speak to me like that!"

"But I feel to you like that, and I  
must speak as I feel. Feel!" with swift  
self-scorn. "What have I to do with  
feeling at all? If I marry you it will  
be to escape from my present life; to  
get away from myself—from the ever-  
lasting, purposeless round of dances  
and dinners. I have told you this re-  
fore."

"Yes, and I have told you that I love  
you."

"And yet you don't hesitate?"

"You say you know you shall never  
care for me. I don't see how you can  
know that unless—"

"Unless—" she faced him bravely,  
though a sudden flush showed she al-  
ready grasped his meaning.

"You care for some one else," he said,  
very deliberately. "Do you, Maud?"

Did she?  
For a moment he thought she was go-  
ing to break into indignant denials,  
then all at once her face softened and  
changed, and the light of a wonderful  
joy flashed into it as she sprang to her  
feet, exclaiming:

"Denzil!—At last!"

Young Melbourne turned in astonish-  
ment. Who was this stately-looking  
man that Maud should go to meet him  
with outstretched hands of welcome  
and brilliant, rapturous smile?

No matter who he was, the boy felt  
that his question was answered. He  
took his dismissal quietly, and left  
them without a word; nor did anyone  
see him again that night.

And Denzil?

At the sight of Maud's eager eyes,  
and sweet, well-remembered smile, he  
forgot all his stern resolutions and  
carefully-cultivated convictions. He  
had never even dreamed of the possi-  
bility of such a meeting as this, and the  
glad recognition that rang in her voice  
fairly swept him off his feet, strong,  
self-contained man though he was.

For she loved him; he saw it in her  
eyes, heard it in her voice, knew it at  
last—astonishing, well-nigh impossi-  
ble fact though it was; and this being so,  
nothing could come between them; no  
proud, disdainful relations could part  
them any more, and when Denzil Clax-  
ton returned to Australia after his  
brief visit was over, his wife accom-  
panied him, and great was the wrath  
and indignation among the Draycours,  
who had tried so hard to make her in all  
respects one with themselves, only to  
fail so signally at the last!

But Maud was happy, and once back  
again among Denzil's people, and all  
the congenial associations of the past,  
she soon regained the bright serenity  
and sunny sweetness of nature which  
she had well-nigh lost in that alien  
land, to which unkind fate, and Denzil's  
stern sense of duty, had for a time  
transplanted her.—Household Words.

## Ready Next Time.

There seems to be an occasional slight  
misunderstanding as to the nature of  
the aurora. Certain people have, in-  
deed, regarded it as a fixed appearance,  
as regular in its course as the sun and  
moon. When a beautiful display took  
place, not long since, a certain lady was  
asked next morning if she had seen it.

"No," said she in an aggrieved tone.

"Did you?"

"Oh, yes, we watched it for a long  
time."

"And I saw you that very afternoon,  
and you didn't tell me there was going  
to be one."

Of a more cheerful and contented  
nature was another lady who was in  
Paris during a fine appearance of the  
"northern lights."

"Did you see the aurora last night?"

asked a friend.

"No; I didn't know there was one."

"Oh, yes; it was perfectly beautiful.

You ought to have been out watching it  
as we were."

"Well, I'm sorry," quoth she, "but  
never mind. I'll see it to-night!"—  
Youth's Companion.

## The Witness Remembered.

An exchange prints a story of a law-  
yer, famous for his sharpness, who once  
met his match in a very unexpected  
quarter.

An old woman was being questioned  
by him as to how the testator had  
looked when he made a remark to her  
about some relatives.

"Now, how can I remember? He's  
been dead two years," she replied, tes-  
tily.

"Is your memory so poor that you  
can't remember two years back?" ques-  
tioned the lawyer.

The old woman was silent, and the  
lawyer asked: "Did he look anything  
like me?"

"Seems to me he did have the same  
sort of vacant look," responded the wit-  
ness, and the lawyer asked no further  
questions.—Youth's Companion.

## A Monkey Story.

Among the passengers arriving at  
Southampton by the steamship Norman  
was a monkey of large size, which came  
from South Africa in charge of a pas-  
senger, by whom he was found after  
the late explosion at Johannesburg, se-  
ated in the only room remaining in-  
tact of what had just before been a con-  
siderable sized cottage. In the room  
were also discovered two baby chil-  
dren, one of whom had been killed, but  
the other was alive, and it is said, in  
the arms of the monkey, who was ten-  
derly nursing it. The living child was  
adopted by a resident in Johannesburg,  
but the monkey, who was noted on  
board for his extreme fondness for  
children, was a popular passenger by  
the Union company's mail steamer.—  
Westminster Gazette.

—The Arabian and African Bedouins,  
when suffering the pangs of hunger and  
having nothing wherewith to satisfy  
the craving of appetite, draw their belts  
tightly to compress the stomach, and  
thus suffer less inconvenience.

—He who goes around about in his  
requests wants commonly more than  
he chooses to appear to want.—Lavater.

## THE BANKRUPTCY BILL.

Some of the Provisions of the Measure  
Passed by the House.

Washington, May 4.—There is now a  
fair prospect for a general bankruptcy  
law which will be effective throughout  
the United States, a law that the chief  
commercial bodies of the country have  
long been waiting for. After a debate  
of five days' duration, in which there  
was some sharp talk on both sides, the  
house Saturday, by a vote of 157 to 81,  
passed the Henderson bill. The new bill  
is based largely on the Torrey bank-  
ruptcy bill, which has been dragging  
its weary length through five years of  
congressional debate. It provides for  
both voluntary and involuntary bank-  
ruptcy.

The majority in favor of the bill was  
greater than was anticipated, owing  
largely to the fact that quite a number  
of members who desired only a volun-  
tary bankruptcy bill, after being de-  
feated, voted for the measure as re-  
ported. There were but two amend-  
ments, one unimportant, the other  
making the nonpayment of a note for  
30 days an act of bankruptcy.

Under its terms there are eight acts  
for which a debtor can be forced into in-  
voluntary bankruptcy, as follows:

1. If a person has concealed himself with  
intent to defraud his creditors for 48 hours.
2. Failed for 30 days while insolvent to  
secure the release of any property levied  
upon for \$500 or over.
3. Made a transfer of any of his property  
with intent to defraud his creditors.
4. Made an assignment for the benefit of  
his creditors.
5. Made, while insolvent, a transfer of  
any of his property for the purpose of giv-  
ing a preference.
6. Procured or suffered a judgment to be  
entered against him with intent to defeat  
his creditors and suffered same to remain  
unpaid ten days.
7. Secreted any of his property to avoid  
its being levied upon under legal proceed-  
ings against himself.
8. Suffered, while insolvent, an execution  
for \$500 or over to be returned no property  
found.

All of the populist members voted in  
the negative. The other members who  
voted nay were:

Republicans—Anderson, Blue, Broderick,  
Purcell, Calderhead, Cannon, Clark, Col-  
son, Cooper, Cousins, De Witt, Dolliver,  
Faris, Gamble, Gardner, Graft, Hager,  
Hardy, Hepburn, Hilborn, Kirkpatrick,  
Linney, Marsh, McCall, McClure, Miller,  
Minor, Pearson, Pickler, Pitney, Shafroth,  
Smith, Steele, Stone (C. W.), Stone (W. A.),  
Strong, Tracy, Walker, Wilson, Wood.

Democrats—Allen, Black, Clardy, Cooper,  
Dinsmore, Dockery, Downing, Kyle, Lat-  
imer, Lester, Little, Maguire, McCreary,  
McCulloch, McDearmon, McRea, Ogden,  
Owens, Patterson, Richardson, Russell,  
Sayres, Stallings, Stokes, Talbert, Tate,  
Terry, Turner, Underwood, Wheeler, Wil-  
liams.

## AID FOR REBELS.

Filibustering Steamer Bermuda Lands  
Safely on Cuban Coast.

New York, May 4.—News of the suc-  
cessful landing of the Bermuda on the  
Cuban shore reached the leaders of the  
revolutionary party in this city at mid-  
night Saturday. The Bermuda sailed  
from Philadelphia April 23, touching  
at Jacksonville, Fla., a week ago. Sun-  
day, April 26, she took on board arms  
and ammunition in waiting at the  
Clyde line docks at Jacksonville, and  
quietly slipped down to the mouth of  
the river, where Brig. Gen. Leite Vidal  
and 90 men stepped on board and the  
successful filibuster laid her course for  
the coast of Cuba. The Bermuda land-  
ed two Gatling guns, 1,000 rifles, most of  
them Manners, 500,000 rounds of ammu-  
nition and 1,000 pounds of dynamite.

Tampa, Fla., May 4.—According to  
Rev. Alberto Diaz, the Baptist mission-  
ary expelled from Cuba by Gen. Weyler,  
many atrocities are committed on the  
island. Mr. Diaz asserts that for two  
weeks prior to his departure more than  
100 Cubans, many women and children  
being among them, were massacred in  
the rural districts of Miguel del Padron  
and Minas. These people, the Spanish  
official reports stated, were killed in  
battle.

## DISPUTE JOHNSON'S WORD.

Progress of the Trial of Jackson for Mur-  
der of Pearl Bryan.

Cincinnati, O., May 4.—David R.  
Lock resumed the stand in the Jackson  
trial Saturday morning and testified  
further as to the blood at the scene on  
the farm of his brother where the head-  
less body of Pearl Bryan was found.

Under cross-examination he said that  
two or three persons could have gone to  
the place without leaving any tracks at  
all.

Attorneys Andrews and Sheppard, of  
Hamilton, O., testified that Allen John-  
son, the (colored) porter at Walling-  
ford's saloon, said to them that he did  
not know what evening it was that  
Jackson and Walling were in the saloon  
with Pearl Bryan. That he did not  
see them go out as he was in the front  
room at the time. Andrews stated that  
he was once attorney for Johnson when  
the latter was under indictment for  
prize fighting.

Several depositions reflecting on the  
reputation of George H. Jackson, the col-  
ored coachman, were read.

Mrs. Edwin Post, the sister of Scott  
Jackson, testified to the effect that  
the prisoner's reputation in Greencastle  
prior to his arrest was good.

## Our Relations with China.

Washington, May 4.—The forthcom-  
ing volume on foreign relations for the  
last year deals in large part with the  
correspondence over the late mission-  
ary riots in China. Mr. Denby, our  
minister to Peking, gives the state de-  
partment full credit for having broken  
through Chinese obstinacy, and for hav-  
ing instituted an era in the treatment  
of foreigners in that country.

## MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

### Royal Arcanum Officers.

The grand council of the Royal Ar-  
canum in session at Jackson elected of-  
ficers as follows:

Representative to the supreme council,  
E. F. Woodcock, Niles; alternate, G. W.  
Frary, Lansing; grand regent, L. B. Edin-  
borough, West Bay City; grand vice-  
regent, A. G. Pitts, Detroit; grand orator,  
J. R. Johnson, Lapeer; past grand regent,  
E. F. Woodcock, Niles; grand secretary, S.  
A. Griggs, Detroit; grand treasurer, W. E.  
Campbell, Detroit; grand chaplain, D. E.  
Crampton, Monroe; grand guide, A. R.  
Horton, Flint; grand warden, E. E. Brown-  
son, Kalamazoo; grand sentinel, George  
L. Crippen, Jackson; grand trustee, C. O.  
Fatin, Almont.

### Weekly Crop Report.

The weekly crop report issued by the  
state weather bureau says:

"The nearly normal temperature and  
abundant rainfall during the past week  
have been very beneficial to all vegetation,  
and a majority of the correspondents re-  
port a marked improvement in the condi-  
tion of winter wheat, rye and grass. The  
frost of Wednesday morning did no dam-  
age. The wet weather has held back plow-  
ing and seeding to some extent, but gen-  
erally this work has been pushed in most  
sections of the state. Reports from all  
correspondents are very cheerful and tell  
of the good condition of winter and spring  
crops, and that the fruit prospects are ex-  
cellent."

### Mrs. Chester Acquitted.

Mrs. Agnes Chester, a Christian  
scientist healer, well-known through-  
out Michigan, was acquitted by a jury  
at Kalamazoo of the charge of practic-  
ing medicine without a license. The  
complaint was brought by Della P.  
Pierce, a regular physician. Attorney  
Thompson, in his cross-examination,  
brought out the fact that Dr. Pierce  
from actual knowledge knew nothing  
about Mrs. Chester's mode of treat-  
ment.

### Health in Michigan.

During the week ended April 25 re-  
ports sent in by 34 observers in various  
portions of the state indicate that in-  
flammation of the kidneys increased  
and pleuritis and intermittent fever  
decreased in area of prevalence. Con-  
sumption was reported at 198 places,  
typhoid fever at 16, diphtheria at 25,  
scarlet fever at 29, measles at 37, whoop-  
ing cough at 11 and smallpox at Bay  
City and Ionia.

### Will Change the River's Course.

The contract for changing the course  
of the Michigamme river, for the re-  
demption of the inundated workings of  
the Mansfield mine at Crystal Falls, has  
been let by the De Soto Iron company  
to Campbell, Dennis & Co., of Joliet,  
Ill. The excavations will be completed  
in five weeks. The channel will be 2,500  
feet in length and will be protected by  
ammohot dams at either end.

### Filed Trust Mortgages.

William B. Knickerbocker, of the Al-  
bion Milling company, filed trust mort-  
gages to the extent of \$65,000 for the  
benefit of his creditors. The assets were  
placed at \$90,000, and a movement was  
on foot for the organization of a stock  
company to continue the business. The  
cause of the failure was given as the  
shortness of the winter wheat crop and  
inability to realize on stock.

### Brief News Items.

A post office has been established at  
Koss, Menominee county, with George  
P. Gunderson as postmaster.

C. C. Swift, who recently resigned as  
secretary of the Y. M. C. A. at Kalamazoo,  
has accepted a call to Seattle,  
Wash.

M. J. Merwin discovered a strong  
flow of gas from a 250-foot well on his  
farm near St. Joseph. The well would  
be driven deeper.

Charles Avery, of Saginaw, had his  
right eye cut out in a drunken brawl by  
a knife in the hands of an unknown  
man.

Fire burned the sawmill and two  
drillhouses of the Wall & Weber plant,  
at Saginaw, entailing a loss of \$30,000.

Frank Herling, a well-known G. A.  
R. man, lost four fingers while work-  
ing in a sawmill near St. Louis.

Floyd Nichols, of North Farmington,  
was probably fatally injured by a horse  
which he was leading kicking him in the  
forehead.

The body of Alexander A. Knopfel,  
broker, of Bay City, was found in the  
Ohio river in Hamilton county, O.

Joseph Harrington and Peter Cardew,  
miners, were instantly killed by fall-  
ing ground at the Lake Superior Iron  
company's section No. 21 mine near  
Ishtepemig.

Justice Levi P. Oldfield, one of the  
best known men in Bay City, was killed  
by the cars in some unknown manner  
near Denmark Junction.

Eugene Camburn, a farmer living  
near Tipton, was shot and fatally  
wounded by Harry Luce, who then  
shot himself dead. Luce had been  
paying attention to Camburn's daugh-  
ter against the father's wishes.

Striking trammers at Houghton de-  
cided not to accept the Quincy com-  
pany's offer of \$50 a month, and notice  
was given strikers to vacate the com-  
pany's dwelling-houses and to make  
settlement at the office.

Fennville has nearly recovered from  
the effects of the fire which destroyed  
a large part of the business portion  
of the village, the new buildings erected  
being far superior to those burned.

Frank Dean, who pleaded guilty at  
Mt. Clemens to the charge of burglar-  
izing the residence of Mrs. Sarah Goff,  
near Disco, was sentenced to four years  
in the state prison at Jackson.



# Losing Money On Horses.

There are several ways for doing this—betting on the wrong one, making mistakes in trading, etc.; but the most frequent way is by neglecting their health just when the hard work of spring and summer is at hand. A great deal can be saved by using

## Armstrong's Condition Powder.

It is a general tonic and appetizer, gives a fine, glossy coat, hardens the muscles, and places the animal in the best condition for hard work. A pound of it is

All Medicine.

Nothing added to make it heavy and bulky.

R. S. ARMSTRONG & CO.

## Jno. Farrell

Has had the Kempf building on Main street, first door south of postoffice, all painted and has moved from his old location, on the corner, up the street, where he

## Has

One of the best locations for a first-class grocery store in Chelsea. Everything in his store where he is now located is first-class. The goods in stock are fresh and clean. He

## Moved

Because he wanted more room and a better location. He will now handle groceries, crockery, tinware, etc., at prices that are away down instead of

## Up

If you desire at any time to sell produce and want to receive the highest market price, Jno. Farrell will be pleased to see you at the new store.

## The

## Street.

# GIANT CEMENT

Mends Everything.

The only cement that will stand hot water.

MANUFACTURED BY

Giant Manufacturing Co., Jackson, Mich.

FOR SALE BY

R. S. Armstrong & Co., Druggists.

Glazier & Stimson, Drugs and Groceries.

F. Kantelehner, Groceries and Jewelry.

L. T. Freeman, Groceries and Crockery.

Chelsea, Michigan.

## FRANK SHAVER,

Proprietor of the

City Barber Shop & Bath Rooms

Babcock building, N. Main St.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

The Parlor Barber Shop,

Chelsea, Mich.

Good work and close attention to business is my motto. With this in view, I hope to secure, at least, part of your patronage.

GEO. EDER, Prop.

## PATENTS

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES. OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington. Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured. A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with cost of same in the U. S. and foreign countries sent free. Address,

C. A. SNOW & CO.

OPP. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

## What Do You Expect to Find

In a first-class meat market? The first thing is the class of meat kept in stock—whether it is nice, tender and juicy, or tough as a 10-year old Texas steer. Being satisfied on this point, you begin to look around as to the cleanliness of the market and clerks. We would be pleased to have you call and put us to this test. We pride ourselves on our cleanliness, and all our meats will be found first-class and the best in the market. Our prices will always be found just right, too.

ADAM EPPLER.

Highest market price paid for hides and tallow.

### Chelsea and Vicinity.

V. D. Hindelang, of Albion, spent Sunday in town.

B. Parker and wife were Detroit visitors Wednesday.

Chas. Winans was an Albion visitor the fore part of this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Michael Staffan spent Sunday in Manchester.

John McGuinness is clerking in Hoag & Holmes' hardware store.

Charles Foren, of Detroit, is the guest of relatives here this week.

W. F. Hatch and wife spent a couple of days in Detroit this week.

Miss Ann Welsh, of Detroit, is a guest at St. Mary's rectory this week.

B. S. Holmes is attending the Republican convention in Detroit to-day.

Edward Chandler has removed to the Stabler house on South Main street.

R. M. Richman, of Lansing, was the guest of Miss Clara Bohnet, Sunday.

The Misses Maggie and Lena Lusty are spending a week with Jackson friends.

R. B. Robbins, of Adrian, will deliver the Memorial Day address here this year.

Mrs. Farrell is having her house on East street raised, reshingled and repared.

Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Hoag, of Detroit, were the guests of relatives here the past week.

Mrs. Maria Frey has had a cement walk laid in front of her residence on South street.

Mrs. Whitaker, of Ann Arbor, is the guest of her son, Mr. C. E. Whitaker, of Main street.

Ambrose Spinnagle, of Cleveland, O., was the guest of his brother, C. Spinnagle, last week.

E. J. Phelps, M. D., will open offices in the Durand & Hatch building next week. See card in this issue.

The Misses Emma Ahnemiller and Tillie and Pauline Girsch spent Sunday with Grass Lake friends.

Master Bennie Frey left for Rockland, Mich., last week, where he will spend the summer with his uncle.

The Rev. Father Considine celebrated mass in Grass Lake last Wednesday. There was a large attendance.

The Misses Cecelia Foster and Myrtle Fenn and Mr. Truman Fenn, of Jackson, visited their parents last Sunday.

The regular meeting of the W. R. C. will be held on Friday afternoon, May 8, at 2:30 o'clock. R. M. Wilkinson, Sec.

Mr. William A. Heatley, accompanied by his mother, reached home last Tuesday from Gethsemani, Ky. He is gradually improving in health.

Mrs. Anthony Neckel, who has been at Harper's Hospital in Detroit for some time, returned home last Saturday, considerably improved in health.

The ladies of St. Paul's church will give a Bouquet Social at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Michael Wackenbut next Tuesday evening, May 12. Everybody invited.

Tuesday evening, May 12, is regular review of L. O. T. M., at which time a delegate is elected for the great high review to be held at Saginaw in June. All members requested to be present.

Mrs. M. A. Hurley and two daughters, Marion and Ruth, and her sister, Mrs. John Kilcline, and son Francis, of Detroit, were the guests of their cousin, the Rev. W. P. Considine, at St. Mary's rectory last week.

Next Sunday morning, in connection with the Congregational Sunday School, the pastor will organize a business men's class for the discussion of special topics both of doctrine and of life. The first topic will be "The Person of Christ."

The U. B. Sabbath School of Waterloo was reorganized last Sunday. The officers for the coming year are: James H. Runciman, superintendent; Orson Beaman, assistant superintendent; Charles Runciman, treasurer; Fanny Quigly, secretary.

Next Sunday evening the pastor of the Congregational church will begin a series of addresses upon "The Grounds of Christian Belief," which will be continued as opportunity is presented on the following Sunday evenings. The following are some of the subjects which will be discussed, so much time being taken for them as may seem needful: "The Doubts of the Age," "Have We Souls?" "Is There a God?" "Can We Know God?"

"The Revelation of God in Nature, in History, in the Human Conscience," "What is the Bible?" "Do We Need Redemption?" "The Issues of Life." Mr. Walker's special studies have been along the lines suggested by these topics. A cordial invitation is extended to all who wish to follow a candid, free discussion of these themes, especially to those who are troubled with doubts on any of them, to be present. Mr. Walker will be glad at any time to receive written questions or doubts suggested by the discussion, and to answer them to the best of his ability.

### North Lake Green.

B. H. Glenn is on the sick list.

R. C. Glenn is putting out more peach trees this spring.

Grass is a full bite, and stock are after it with open countenances.

Mr. Wes. Canfield called at your scribe's and had a chat Friday last.

Your scribe has potatoes four inches high and hoed once. Beat it.

There will be very few peaches in Lyndon and Unadilla this season.

Plowing for corn and beans is the order of farming this week and next.

Mrs. R. S. Whalain is at Leslie visiting her sister and daughter, Mattie.

The sugar social at the Grange Hall was the sweetest affair of the season.

The old familiar potato bug is around in full force, ready for business in his line.

The assessor has made his yearly rounds, and now the dogs can be seen out again.

A young friend of the Royes visited the family a few days lately. The young man is from Eaton Rapids.

A letter from Dakota says there has been no spring seeding done up to April 25. Snow storms nearly every day in April.

The orchards seem to be outdoing previous years in the fullness of their blossoming, all kinds of fruit being represented.

At the annual election of officers for the League Mr. Mahlan Griffith was made president, with the usual corps of vice-presidents and other officers. The League is in its usual prosperous condition.

A sad and fatal accident occurred Thursday evening about 5 o'clock. The little two-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Harrison Hadley was missed, and after three hours spent in seeking was found in the outdoor cistern. The mother had looked into the cistern as soon as the child was missed, but did not see it, as he had sunk to the bottom. Mr. Donnelly, a near neighbor, finally took a garden rake and drew the little fellow out. The family have the sympathy of the entire community in their terrible bereavement. The funeral took place Saturday from Unadilla M. E. church, Rev. Thistle, assisted by Rev. Stowe, officiating at the house and church.

### Story About Lincoln.

"The first time I met Mr. Lincoln," said Senator Palmer, of Illinois, "was in 1859, when I went to Springfield to be admitted to the bar. He was already recognized as a Whig leader. He wore, I remember, a suit of linsey woolsey that could not have been worth more than \$8, even in those days. The last time I saw him was in February of 1865. I had come to Washington, at the request of the governor, to complain that Illinois had been credited with 18,000 too few troops. I saw Mr. Lincoln one afternoon, and he asked me to come again in the morning. The next morning I sat in the anteroom while several officers were received. At length I was told to enter the President's room. Mr. Lincoln was in the hands of the barber."

"Come in, Palmer," he called out, 'come in. You're home folks. I can shave before you. I couldn't before those others, and I have to do it some time.' "We chatted about various matters, and at length I said: 'Well, Mr. Lincoln, if anybody had told me that in a great crisis like this the people were going out to a little one-horse town and pick out a one-horse lawyer for President, I wouldn't have believed it.'"

"Mr. Lincoln whirled about in his chair, his face white with lather and a towel under his chin. At first I thought he was angry. Sweeping the barber away, he leaned forward, and, placing one hand on my knee, said: "Neither would I, but it was a time when a man with a policy would have been fatal to the country. I have never had a policy. I have simply tried to do what seemed best each day as each day came."—New York Sun."

### Your Boy Won't Live a Month.

So Mr. Gilman Brown, of 34 Mill st., South Gardner, Mass., was told by the doctors. His son had lung trouble, following typhoid-malaria, and he spent three hundred and seventy-five dollars with doctors, who finally gave him up, saying: "Your boy won't live a month." He tried Dr. King's New Discovery, and a few bottles restored him to health and enabled him to go to work a perfectly well man. He says he owes his present good health to use of Dr. King's New Discovery, and knows it to be the best in the world for lung trouble. Trial bottles free at F. P. Glazier & Co.'s drug store.

## Who Cuts The Best Cheese?

Try Freeman's.

We are cutting some of the choicest

Herkimer County, York State, AND

Michigan Full Cream Cheese

That ever came from a cheese factory. They are soft, mild and rich, and warranted to please.

### Fancy Baked Goods.

Beginning this week we have placed on sale a complete line of Kennedy's Biscuits, which are without exception the finest line of biscuits made. We shall keep a good supply of these goods in stock during the summer months, and it will be a great convenience to people who want strictly fresh, first-class goods of this kind, to get them without having to burn a lot of costly fuel and nearly roast themselves in baking their own.

Call and sample some of the "goodies" we are showing; it will do your appetite more good than whole bottles of medicine.

KENNEDY'S

Cherry wafers, grandma's

cookies, home-made cookies,

crystal coffee cakes, Graham

wafers, cheese biscuits, vanilla

wafers, jelly honey jumbles.

U. S. BAKING CO.'S

Iced coffee cakes, cocoanut

bar, pound fruit cake, wed-

dging lunch cake, salted re-

ception wafers, soda biscuits,

And in fact anything in the line of staple and fancy groceries, always the best and prices the lowest, quality considered.

FREEMAN'S.

Office Over Kempf's new bank, Chelsea.

Office Over Kempf's new bank, Chelsea.

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# H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE COMPANY.

## Clothing Department.

New seasonable goods at right prices.  
Don't pay other people what they ask when you can buy of us at the right price and get an assortment equal to any in Washtenaw county.

### Men's Straw Hats Now Open.

Boys' blouse waists 25 and 50 cents.  
Boys' short pants 25 and 50 cents.  
Boys' "Brownie" overalls 50 cents.  
New line of Cluett, Coon & Co.'s colored shirts. The right styles always in stock.

### Men's Collars and Cuffs, New Stiff Hats, New Fedora Hats.

The most complete line of Clothing and Furnishing Goods to be found.

## H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE CO.

We sell the Butterick patterns, by far the best patterns to use.

## Cash Market.

Our Meats are the best we can secure, and we know we can please our customers as to quality, weight and price.

Full line of Vegetables and Fruits always on hand.

## WELCH & CO.

McKune Building, Chelsea.

Sunday, May 10th,

Is the date upon which we will open our

## Ice Cream Parlors,

And continue throughout the season to serve our patrons with delicious Cream.

Special prices to socials, picnics, parties, etc. Cream delivered to all parts of the village.

## NECKEL BROS

Let us make

Your Clothes

Prime materials and work in every way.

GEO. WEBSTER.

IF YOU WANT A GOOD

## BICYCLE,

STRICTLY HIGH GRADE

in every respect, and at the right price, call on

A. E. WINANS, Chelsea.

GEO. E. DAVIS,

Everybody's Auctioneer.

Headquarters at

HERALD OFFICE.

Auction Bills furnished Free.

### Council Proceedings.

#### [OFFICIAL]

Chelsea, April 22, 1896.

Board met in special session.  
Meeting called to order by President.  
Roll call by Clerk.  
Present—Wm. P. Schenk, President; Trustees Glazier, Mensing, Raftery, Vogel and Wedemeyer.

Absent—Trustee Foster.  
Moved by Raftery and supported by Vogel, that the following bills be allowed and orders drawn on the Treasurer for same:

A. Allison, printing tax receipts... \$ 3 50  
Hing Bros. & Everard, book covers 1 75  
J. B. Cole, express on books and covers ..... 65  
A. C. Pierce, salary to April 15th, 1896..... 22 50  
\$28 40

Yeas—Glazier, Mensing, Raftery, Vogel and Wedemeyer.  
Nays—None.  
Carried.

Moved by Wedemeyer and supported by Mensing, that Ordinance No. 14 as read be accepted and approved.

Yeas—Glazier, Mensing, Raftery, Vogel and Wedemeyer.  
Nays—None.  
Carried.

[See ordinance heretofore published.]

Moved by Glazier and supported by Mensing, that Ordinance No. 15 as read be accepted and approved.

Yeas—Glazier, Mensing, Raftery, Vogel and Wedemeyer.  
Nays—None.  
Carried.

[See ordinance heretofore published.]

Moved by Mensing and supported by Glazier, that Ordinance No. 16 as read be accepted and approved.

Yeas—Glazier, Mensing, Vogel and Wedemeyer.  
Nays—Raftery.  
Carried.

[See ordinance heretofore published.]

Street Committee reported favorably on the petition of John W. Wallace and others and recommended that the prayer of the petitioners be granted.

Moved by Glazier and supported by Wedemeyer, that the report of Street Committee relative to the petition of John W. Wallace and others be accepted and the petition granted.

Yeas—Glazier, Mensing, Raftery, Vogel and Wedemeyer.  
Nays—None.  
Carried.

Moved by Glazier and supported by Wedemeyer, that the above minutes be approved.

Yeas—Glazier, Mensing, Raftery, Wedemeyer and Vogel.  
Nays—None.  
Carried.

Adjourned.

W. P. SCHENK, President.  
JOHN B. COLE, Clerk.

Chelsea, April 27, 1896.

Board met in special session.  
Meeting called to order by President.  
Roll call by Clerk.

Present—Wm. P. Schenk, President; Trustees Glazier, Raftery, Vogel and Wedemeyer.

Absent—Trustees Mensing and Foster.  
Moved by Glazier and supported by Raftery, that the saloon bond of Lewis Klein, with Chris Klein and Jas. Taylor as sureties, be accepted and approved.

Carried.

Moved by Raftery and supported by Wedemeyer, that the saloon bond of Frank McNamara, with F. Staffan and Jas. S. Gorman as sureties, be accepted and approved.

Carried.

Moved by Glazier and supported by Wedemeyer, that the saloon bond of Henry Frey, with Timothy McKune and Maria Frey as sureties, be laid on the table for further consideration.

Carried.

Moved by Glazier and supported by Raftery, that the saloon bond of Thomas McNamara, with Michael J. Noyes and Timothy McKune as sureties, be accepted and approved.

Carried.

Moved by Glazier and supported by Wedemeyer, that the saloon bond of Frederick Heffer and John Girbach, with Godfrey Grau and Katherine Girbach as sureties, be laid on the table for further consideration.

Carried.

Moved by Wedemeyer and supported by Raftery, that the saloon bond of Jacob Zang, with Jas. Hudler and Jas. Taylor as sureties, be laid on the table for further consideration.

Carried.

Moved by Glazier and supported by Wedemeyer, that the President correspond with R. M. Newman, C. E., with a view to engaging him to come to Chelsea to take survey of Main street and other streets, as thought best by Street Committee.

Carried.  
Adjourned.  
W. P. SCHENK, President.  
JOHN B. COLE, Clerk.

### Letter List.

Following are the letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Chelsea, May 4, 1896:

Mrs. Will Collins, box 105.  
Persons calling for any of the above please say "advertised."

GEO. S. LAIRD P. M.

### The Potato Crop.

What about potatoes? Last year's crop was a large one and the price very low—the lowest known for half a century. They were so plenty and cheap that the consumption of beans was much reduced and the price low. Another thing that knocks the price of beans is the entire abolition of free lunch counters in the saloons throughout the state of New York. In all of them beans were the staple article of food. The United States is not a great potato country compared with Europe, and we often import for home use than have an over-supply. Last year our crop was 7,430,000 tons, against 4,270,000 tons in 1894, which was about the average; but Germany produced 87,481,000 tons in 1895 and 20,049,000 tons in 1894; France, an average crop of 11,000,000 tons; while Great Britain's output rose from 4,662,000 tons in 1894, about a million and a half less than the average yield, to 7,065,000 tons in 1895, or nearly a million above the average. Ordinarily, although our population is double that of Great Britain, our potato crop is about one to two million tons smaller. Potatoes are splendid food for mutton sheep, but the trouble is that those who grow them in large quantities as their cash crop seldom if ever have the sheep. Consumption on the farm is the only sure way to get value out of the surplus.—Ex.

### Forestry.

It should be impressed upon the minds of our people that the forests of this country are already insufficient for supplying timber and protecting agriculture. It is estimated by the forestry division of the national agricultural department that the natural increase of timber on one billion acres of forest is needed to supply the demand, and yet the woodland area of the United States covers but 460,000,000 acres, or 26 per cent of the total area. Of this not less than 25,000,000 acres are cut over annually—a rate of destruction which will bring our forests to an end in eighteen years if there is no replanting.

What supreme folly it has been to pay bounties to stimulate the cutting away of our forests? Already it has come to pass that the man who sets out and protects a tree is a public benefactor.

While the wood growing annually in our forests amounts to 2,000,000,000 feet, the amount cut off is 4,000,000,000 feet, and this does not include the timber burned. The country's supply of timber is thus being depleted twice as fast as it is reproduced by natural means, and the result is a decrease in rainfalls, drying up streams, and later and earlier frosts.

No observant person can have failed to notice the change in the volume of water in rivers and brooks. Streams we fished in as a boy in Vermont now carry no water except during freshets. Nothing better can come to New England than to abandon the hillside farms and let them grow over with forest trees. Nearly all the tributaries of the upper Mississippi, it is stated, have lost one-half their former supply of water. Spring inundations are more frequent, snow fall is irregular, and the depths of many streams in summer is no greater number of inches than it used to be feet.

Save the forests and plant new ones—Ex.

### Excursions.

Bay View Camp Meeting, Bay View, Mich., July 7 to August 14. One first-class limited fare for round trip. Dates of sale, July 6 to 16. Limit for return, August 15.

Grand Lodge Knights of Pythias, Jackson, Mich., May 12 to 14, 1896. A rate of one and one-third first-class limited fare for round trip. Dates of sale, May 12, 13 and 14. Limit for return, May 15.

### Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c per box. Sold by F. P. Glazier, Druggist.



## STORK CHOP



## CHEAPEST TO USE

Because it

## Goes the Farthest.

Our Line of

Teas

and

Coffees

Was never more complete than at present.

If you want teas and coffees that will give satisfaction try ours.

Every pound guaranteed.

J. W. Beissel.

## Ladies

If your dealer hasn't it, send \$1.25 to us

WE WILL SEND YOU POSTPAID

## The "Gresco"

It cannot break at the Side or Waist  
Color: DRAB or WHITE

LONG, SHORT and MEDIUM LENGTH

THE MICHIGAN CORSET CO.,  
JACKSON, MICH.



For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Scientific American

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, \$3.00 a year; \$1.50 six months. Address, MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 Broadway, New York City.



If you want some good sound reading you can get the following: Century, Frank Leslie's, Review of Reviews, Munsey's, Godey's, Metropolitan, Cosmopolitan, Ladies' Home Journal, and other periodicals. Now for sale by A. E. Winans. Subscriptions taken for all magazines and newspapers.



## NEWSPAPER LAW.

Any person who takes the paper regularly from the postoffice, whether directed to his name or not, is a subscriber or not, is responsible for the payment of the subscription. The courts have decided that removing and leaving them uncollected for a week is evidence of intentional fraud.

In tropical forests so large a proportion of the plants are of the sensitive variety that sometimes the path of a traveler may be traced by the wilted foliage.

The annual death rate in Sydney, Australia, is lower than that of any of the leading cities and towns in continental Europe, with the exception of Christiania. It is also less than the annual death rate in Montreal, New York, Brooklyn, New Orleans, Toronto, Baltimore and Philadelphia.

OBSERVATIONS made on the pendulum of the Paris observatory, which is kept 90 feet under ground, with a temperature that varies 100th part of a degree at most during the year, show that it is not quite proof to the variations of atmospheric pressure. It makes an error of one-third of an oscillation in 12,000,000, and it is proposed to remedy this error.

OSCAR BOULLY, who lives on an island in the Missouri river in Minnesota, had a perilous time the other day. The island was covered with water, and he and his family had to seek refuge in trees, against which the floating ice bumped alarmingly. His house floated from its foundation. The family spent the night in trees and was rescued in the morning.

THERE is no end to the making of cycles or to the ingenuity of the inventors. A quadricycle, composed of two tandem bicycles arranged side by side, has just been invented in Paris to serve as a fire engine in cases of emergency. It is worked by four men, and is fitted up with the necessary hose pipes and fittings, which occupy the space between the riders.

The emperor of Russia has ordered 400,000 decorated goblets to be distributed among his subjects who attend the festivities in connection with his coronation in May at Moscow. A magnificent table service of gold and silver is also being made for use at the imperial table. The programme for the coronation festival is to be printed in two languages, Russian and French.

BUCKSPORT (Me.) dogs are growing clever. One of them was left in charge of the house the other day while the other members of the family were out. A lady caller came, and when her attack upon the outer portal was unnoticed, slipped her card under the door. The dog took charge of the bit of paper and, after his mistress came home and was quietly sitting in her parlor, the dog entered and placed the card in her lap.

An arrangement has been concluded with the trustees of the Rinehart fund for the Peabody institute for the establishment of a school of sculpture within the Maryland institute in Baltimore. The plan contemplates the employment of an instructor and the furnishing of models by the Rinehart trustees, the Maryland institute to supply rooms and necessary equipment, and the department to be known as the Rinehart School of Sculpture.

THERE are more than 1,000 Swiss people in the Hohenwald colony, recently settled in Lewis county, Tenn. It is one of the most prosperous foreign colonies in Tennessee, and agents of the colony are now in Switzerland securing another colony of more than 1,000 people, for which lands have already been provided. The Hohenwald colony is a co-operative union, though it is not patterned exactly like the altruistic town of Rusk, in Dickson county, Tenn.

PROF. SARGENT, editor of Garden and Forest, the authority on arboriculture and floriculture in this country, urges the abolition of private ownership of trees in streets and the placing of the whole business of planting and caring for trees under a competent municipal commission. He insists that only a city forester, thoroughly conversant with the habits of trees and their wants, is capable of taking care of them through the ordeals to which they are subjected on city streets.

PADEREWSKI'S gift of \$10,000 to be used in prizes for original music composition will encourage American composers without in any way impoverishing the donor. According to his own statement the receipts for his present tour through this country amounted to the princely sum of \$248,000. A country so appreciative and liberal is deserving of encouragement in musical culture, and the great artist who has been the beneficiary of such liberality can well afford to reciprocate generously.

ONE of the articles of food most prized by the Chinese on the Pacific coast is dried duck. An American in Contra Costa county, California, has started a duck-drying business and has a monopoly of the Chinese trade. He buys hundreds of ducks from hunters, fills them with salt, and hangs them in the sun for six weeks. They become as hard as sole leather or dried codfish, and will keep indefinitely. The Chinese used to import their dried duck from China, but now patronize the home industry almost exclusively.

## TOOK WHAT WAS LEFT.

### Fire Again Sweeps the Mining Town of Cripple Creek.

The Entire Place Now in Ruins—Thought to Be the Work of Incendiarists—Four Persons Known to Be Dead—One a Thief, Shot by the Police.

Cripple Creek, Col., April 30.—A second conflagration, accompanied by many of the horrors of the Chicago fire, swept the business part of this city into ashes Wednesday. At least four men lie dead as a result and 15 persons were burned and otherwise injured. Three of the dead were killed in the explosion of the Palace hotel boilers, the other was a thief who was shot by a policeman under orders. One thousand persons are without shelter and the business men and property owners who have lost all, with little or no insurance, are almost in despair. They are in a fever of excited wrath against the incendiaries who are charged with starting this and Saturday's destruction. The fire burned itself out with the aid of dynamite.

Loss About \$2,000,000. Mayor Steele has invited assistance from neighboring towns in the way of tents for the homeless, but the police department feels able to cope with the situation. All that is left of the camp is "Old Town," over to the east, Capitol hill, the residence section northward, and scattering places about the Florence & Cripple Creek yards. West Cripple Creek, across the Freeman place, was also spared. The loss cannot fall short of \$2,000,000 and the heaviest insurance loss comes by this second conflagration. All the substantial business houses of both brick and wood, the leading hotels, office buildings and better class of retail shops all went up in smoke or lie in ashes as the result of the use of dynamite exploded to stay the flames. The conflagration ended only when the residence portion was reached and open spaces occurred, across which the flames could not reach.

Work of an Incendiary. The fire, which was of undoubted incendiary origin, started in the Portland hotel on Second street shortly after noon. A brisk breeze from the south was blowing at the time and the fire rapidly gained such headway that even with a good water pressure the fire department was unable to check the progress of the increasing flames. The Portland was a great rattletrap and offered the best of kindling for the beginning of a conflagration.

The town was quickly set into a panic by this fire, for the people had not recovered from their terrible experience of last Saturday. Without delay everybody began to prepare to pack up and get away, but so rapid was the progress of the flames that the people soon became panic-stricken and chaos ensued. It is absolutely impossible to portray in words the scenes which followed until the flames had spent their powers.

Teams were lashed up and down the streets by excited men; people with bundles and papers were running pell-mell to the northward; shouts, the booming of the flames, the crash of falling timbers following the explosions of dynamite, all made one ominous, unintelligible roar.

Four Are Dead. At the first hint of looting property the police, aided by the citizens, gave prompt notice that death would be the fate of all thieves, and the story was afloat early that several thieves had already been shot and their bodies left to be cremated in the conflagration. Rumors of many lives lost added to the general consternation, and when the boilers of the Palace hotel exploded, killing and injuring several people, the panic-stricken, crazed and excited citizens rushed about without apparent purpose or object.

There are three dead and several injured as a result of the Palace hotel explosion. An unknown man was shot by a policeman while looting a burning building.

## METHODIST CONFERENCE.

Opening of the Great Gathering of Churchmen at Cleveland.

Cleveland, O., May 2.—At nine o'clock a. m., Friday, Bishop Bowman called to order the general conference of the Methodist Episcopal church in the Central armory. The session will last for one month. After brief devotional exercises the roll was called and the delegates were seated. There are accredited to the conference four women delegates. One of the hottest fights in the history of the general conference is expected over the admission of the ladies.

In the evening a general reception was held in the conference hall. Bishop Foss opened the meeting with prayer. Mayor McKisson then welcomed the delegates on the part of the city of Cleveland. Horace Benton, Esq., extended welcome on behalf of the committee of arrangements, and Rev. C. W. Thwing, D. D., president of the Western Reserve university, spoke words of greeting for the sister churches. Rev. Dr. Gilbert, of the First Methodist church, voiced the welcome of the Cleveland Methodists. Responses were made by delegates as follows: For the laymen, by Gen. J. F. Rushing, of Trenton, N. J., and for the ministry, by Bishop Fowler, of Minneapolis. A choice musical programme was interspersed between the addresses.

At the night session of the conference the principal subject discussed was the negro claim to representation in the episcopacy. Although no official action was taken, it may be stated with certainty that an assistant bishop to Bishop Taylor, of Africa, will be appointed from the African M. E. church, and that in addition to his duties in Africa, he will have partial jurisdiction in the southern states of the union. This will be the preparatory step to the elevation of a colored clergyman to a full seat in the episcopacy. It is not probable that this elevation will be made until the next conference.

## Horsewhipped on the Stage.

Columbus, O., May 2.—In the third act of Orpheo, by Louis James' company at the High street theater Friday night, James' leading man, Guy Lindsay, was horsewhipped on the stage in full view of the audience by a woman who leaped at that moment from one of the boxes, whip in hand. At the station house later she gave her name as Georgia Kimball and said her home was in St. Louis.

## SHAH SHOT.

An Assassin Takes the Life of Persia's Ruler.

Washington, May 2.—Secretary Olney at three p. m. Friday received the following cable message from United States Minister Alex McDonald at Teheran:

"Teheran, Persia, May 1, 1896.—To Olney, Secretary of State, Washington: Shah, visiting shrine near city to-day for devotion, on entering inner sanctuary, was shot by assassin disguised as woman, bullet entering region of heart. Expired in a few minutes. Regicide revolutionary fanatic. Great distress, but city quiet."

Shortly after the receipt of the news of the assassination, Secretary Olney sent a cable message to Minister McDonald, saying that the president di-



THE SHAH OF PERSIA.

rected that sincere condolences be tendered, and abhorrence of the crime expressed to the government of Persia and the family of the shah.

[Nasir ed-Din was born April 24, 1829, and has ruled Persia since 1848, and early began to carry out the plans of his father to extend his possessions into Afghanistan and Beluchistan, but English intervention in 1838 compelled him to sign a treaty to not interfere with internal affairs at Herat. In 1855, however, the Persians invaded Herat, and an English army was sent to Persia. The Persians were repeatedly defeated in battle and in 1857 they were compelled to restore Herat. Since then Persia has not attempted to interfere with the "key to India."]

In many disputes over the fixing of Persian boundaries the shah uniformly displayed the powers of a diplomat of ability. He cooperated with the English, and in 1881 made satisfactory terms with Russia to protect his dominions from encroachments of the Turkomans. The Indo-European telegraph system was made possible by the shah's friendliness to overland telegraphic communication.

The magnificence of this monarch's court and traveling retinues was always the subject of much discussion. He was classed as a despot and a true aristocrat. But travel in Europe and affiliation with great Englishmen gained for him the reputation of being a very shrewd ruler.]

## WILL NOT HANG.

Death Sentences of Men in Transvaal Are Commuted.

Pretoria, April 29.—Five of the leaders of the national reform committee who pleaded guilty of high treason Monday, including John Hays Hammond, the American mining engineer, were condemned to death at Tuesday forenoon's sitting of the court.

Washington, April 30.—Secretary Olney Wednesday morning received the following cablegram dated Wednesday from Vice Consul Knight at Cape Town, relative to John Hays Hammond.

"Have been informed that sentence of death is commuted. Further particulars will be wired." Secretary Olney has been in telegraphic communication with the British foreign office with regard to securing the most favorable treatment of Hammond by the Boer authorities. This line of action is made necessary by the fact that the United States government has no diplomatic officer near the South African republic, its only representatives being a consular agent at Johannesburg and a vice consul at Cape Town. Vice Consul Knight wired that he would send further particulars of the commutation of the death sentence but did not do so for the reason, undoubtedly, that the clemency granted was indefinite and did not indicate how far the commutation went.

## THE NATIONAL GAME.

Standing of Leading Clubs for the Week Ended April 30.

The following tables show the number of games won and lost and the percentage of the clubs of the leading baseball organizations. National league:

CLUBS	Won	Lost	Pct.
Pittsburgh	7	2	.774
Philadelphia	7	3	.700
Cincinnati	6	4	.600
Boston	6	4	.600
St. Louis	6	4	.600
Chicago	5	5	.500
Baltimore	5	5	.500
Brooklyn	5	5	.500
Cleveland	4	6	.444
Louisville	1	9	.100
New York	1	9	.100

Western league:

CLUBS	Won	Lost	Pct.
Detroit	5	2	.714
Kansas City	4	3	.571
Milwaukee	3	3	.500
Columbus	3	4	.429
Indianapolis	2	3	.400
Grand Rapids	2	3	.400
Minneapolis	2	3	.400

Western association:

CLUBS	Won	Lost	Pct.
Peoria	5	0	1.000
Des Moines	4	1	.800
St. Joseph	3	2	.600
Cedar Rapids	2	2	.500
Burlington	1	4	.200
Quincy	0	6	.000

Died of Exposure. Imperial, Neb., April 30.—During the wind and rainstorm Tuesday night Miss Leota Brown, aged 29, who had gone to drive some cattle in, perished from exposure within a quarter of a mile of her home.

## VOTES TO SPARE.

### McKinley's Managers Say He Has More Than Is Needed.

Opposition Leaders Dispute Their Claims—Clarkson Says That the "Field" Candidates Are Not Disheartened, But Will Fight to the Last.

Cleveland, O., May 4.—At the McKinley headquarters in this city it is contended that the Ohioan now has 505 votes. If this prediction is verified McKinley has enough to nominate him on the first ballot, for it will require only 456 votes to nominate. The list as made up by the managers of the McKinley campaign is as follows:

Alabama	20	New York	4
Arkansas	10	Ohio	46
Arizona	6	Oklahoma	4
Florida	6	Oregon	4
Georgia	22	Pennsylvania	4
Illinois	48	North Carolina	6
Indiana	30	South Carolina	17
Kansas	20	South Dakota	3
Kentucky	11	Texas	12
Louisiana	3	Virginia	23
Maryland	3	West Virginia	4
Michigan	16	Vermont	8
Minnesota	15	Wisconsin	21
Mississippi	18	Utah	1
Missouri	20	Tennessee	2
Nebraska	16	North Dakota	6
New Jersey	16	Total	505
New Mexico	4		

Mr. Manley, of Maine, manager of Mr. Reed's campaign, gives out the following as his estimate of the situation: Delegates elected for Mr. Reed, 162; for Gov. McKinley, 275; for all other candidates, 217; contested and doubtful, 95; Vermont, 8. Mr. Manley refuses to put the Vermont delegation in the McKinley column. He says the convention in Vermont was a surprise to the friends of Mr. Reed. They had a right to expect that Vermont would join with the rest of New England and send a delegation pledged to the support of the New England candidate. The delegates selected unquestionably prefer the nomination of Mr. Reed. How far they will feel bound by the declaration of preference for Gov. McKinley by their convention time alone will determine. It must be remembered that the convention did not instruct the delegates and left them free to exercise their own judgment. Preferences and even instructions in the past have not uniformly governed the delegates, because the conditions under which they were passed did not exist at the time the delegates were called upon to discharge the duties entrusted to them.

Washington, May 4.—Among republicans in Washington are Mr. Fessenden, member of the republican national committee for Connecticut, and Mr. Clarkson, for Iowa. The gentlemen had conferences with Senators Quay and Allison and other friends. Mr. Clarkson was asked: "Has McKinley a majority of the delegates already, and what of the claim that he will be nominated by acclamation?" He replied:

"He has not nearly a majority yet, nor will he, in my judgment, enter the convention with a majority. Indeed, he will be shorter of a majority on the first ballot at St. Louis than Blaine was in the emotional year of 1876. Grant in 1880, or Sherman in 1888, when the latter in a field of 14 candidates voted for on the first ballot had 329 votes. He will not be nominated by acclamation, because I can say positively that Allison, Quay and Morton will remain in the contest, and so surely will Reed, and I judge so will Bradley and Culom. Allison has not the least idea of giving up the fight. I believe this is true for the other candidates and their states. McKinley will fall from 80 to 100 votes short of enough to nominate at the start, and the field will represent from 325 to 550 votes. By the field I mean Allison, Reed, Quay, Bradley, Morton and Culom, already suggested, and such other available men as Harrison, Lincoln, Foraker, Hobart, Davis and Gen. Tracy, of New York."

Mr. Clarkson further expressed the opinion that "the field" would hold firm. Referring to his allusion to Gen. Harrison being in the available field of candidates, Mr. Clarkson said: "In one respect Harrison would give the earliest certainty of anyone who could be nominated, for the day he should be nominated, the country would know exactly what his policy as president would be on the tariff, and exactly what it would be on finance, and this would quickly bring confidence and good times behind it."

## FAMOUS BANKER DEAD.

George S. Coe, of New York, Succumbs to a Paralytic Stroke.

New York, May 4.—George S. Coe, for nearly 30 years president of the American exchange bank of this city, died at his home at Englewood Cliffs, N. J., Sunday morning. The immediate cause of his death was paralysis, of which disease he had had several strokes. Mr. Coe was born in Newport, R. I., on March 27, 1827. For more than 30 years there was no banker in the United States whose opinion was more generally sought or whose judgment on financial subjects was more generally trusted than Mr. Coe's. He was an intimate friend of President Lincoln and Secretary Chase, and during the dark days of the rebellion was frequently summoned to consult with the officers of the administration concerning financial questions of importance. Mr. Coe devised the system of issuing clearing house certificates and this system has been the means of arresting many panics.

## Our Circulation.

Washington, May 4.—The treasury statement gives all the kinds of money in circulation at \$1,540,007,082, or \$30,000,000 less than May 1, 1895. The per capita circulation, based on a population of 71,136,000, is stated at \$21.65. The increase in money in circulation during April is placed at \$11,377,619, and the decrease of money in the treasury during the month is stated at \$6,572,676.

## MICHIGAN DEMOCRATS.

State Convention Held at Detroit—Synopsis of Its Proceedings.

Detroit, Mich., April 30.—The administration forces won out in Wednesday's democratic convention, adopting resolutions endorsing President Cleveland and electing all of their delegates at large. A unit rule gives the administration control of the delegation at Chicago. The convention sent a delegation of 24 district delegates to the Chicago convention, of whom 13 are counted gold monometallists and 11 silver bimetallists.

The administration forces were led by Elliott G. Stevenson, the law partner of Don M. Dickinson and Private Secretary Thurber, while their opponents were generated by Thomas E. Barkworth, administration candidate for congress in the Second district two years ago; Spencer O. Fisher, candidate for governor in 1894; Justin A. Whiting, ex-congressman in the Seventh district; L. F. McKnight, a leading Grand Rapids democrat; Quincy Smith, prominent Lansing lawyer; ex-Attorney-General Ellis and other democrats of equal prominence.

The free silverites agreed upon the choice of Alfred J. Murphy, administrator of Detroit, for temporary chairman. The administration forces secured control of the different committees appointed, and when the convention assembled after a recess of a couple of hours the battle began in earnest. Ex-congressman James S. Gorman was named as permanent chairman by the committee on permanent organization and rules. Barkworth took exception to the order of business proposed by the committee on rules, insisting that the declaration of the platform should be made before the delegates at large were chosen. The motion to lay his amendment on the table was put to a vote by counties, which was the first vote of the convention.

Both sides had up to this time been claiming a majority, and the result was awaited with much anxiety. Not until Wayne's 97 votes were called, last on the list, did the gold men have a majority against the tactical advantages sought by the free silverites. The result of this vote was 421 to 385 in favor of tabling the Barkworth amendment, showing for the state outside of the First district a majority in favor of free silver. The Barkworth resolutions having been tabled, the report on order of business was accepted. All hands were awaiting the real battle, which was to be made upon the delegates at large.

Charles E. Warner, of Detroit, put in nomination as the first delegate at large Elliott G. Stevenson, chairman of the state central committee. His eulogy of his candidate had not been completed before Mr. Barkworth was on his feet to offer the nomination of ex-Chief Justice John W. McGrath. He put McGrath forward as the choice of the free silver party in Michigan, and in the course of an impassioned speech declared that the money question was the only one before the people of Michigan, a question which the democracy had to meet squarely and which the defenders of the white metal were prepared to take a position upon.

A scene of great disorder ensued as district after district was called for nominations and their representatives proceeded to endorse either Stevenson or McGrath. Finally, after much disorder, the free silver contingent secured a call of the roll by counties. The excitement was intense. The leaders of both sides challenged reports of votes made by county delegations, and members of the delegations protested against being put on record by their chairman in opposition to their opinions. During the whole of it ex-Postmaster-General Dickinson sat beside the platform, ghastly pale and noticeably nervous. When the county call had reached Wayne the vote stood 576 for Stevenson, 316 for McGrath. Wayne's 97 votes brought Stevenson over the line a winner. A motion to make his nomination unanimous was howled down by the supporters of McGrath.

For the second delegate the silver men nominated Spencer O. Fisher, of Bay City, and the opposition named ex-Congressman Weadock, of Wayne county. The battle between Stevenson and McGrath was repeated all over in the contest between Fisher and Weadock. Recriminations were indulged in as before, but the roll by counties was finally reached and the vote announced as: Weadock, 414; Fisher, 253.

For the third delegate Robert R. Blacker, of Manistee, administration democrat, and William F. McKnight, of Grand Rapids, silver democrat, were named. Before a ballot could be taken the administration people proposed a suspension of the rules and Blacker's election by acclamation. This carried, and the same course was taken, in spite of some protest, in the case of the selection of Peter White, of Marquette, a personal friend of the president, for the fourth place at large on the delegation. The alternates were all elected by one viva voce vote, and the fight was carried along to the resolutions.

The committee on resolutions presented two reports. The minority report, which was tabled, was interesting only as regards its financial plank, which declares the financial question and the remonetization of silver to be the paramount issues; that only by full remonetization of silver and its equal use with gold as standard money can a return of prosperity be expected, and demands restoration of silver to all rights of mintage as money which it received prior to its demonetization in 1873 and upon the ratio of sixteen to one without regard to the action of any other country on earth.

The majority report, which was adopted, indorses the administration of President Cleveland, also its foreign policy, which is declared to have wanted off foreign encroachment upon American rights and maintained the dignity and prestige of our country abroad; urges recognition of belligerent rights of Cuban insurgents; favors gold standard of value; opposes the spirit of bigotry, fostered for political purposes by those who seek to breed discord and animosity among the citizens of this republic, and denounces as a cowardly, un-American and illegal body the American Protective association. The last plank instructs the Michigan delegation to vote as a unit on all questions.

## A Billion Feet.

The drives throughout the upper peninsula are in full blast. The lumber cut of last winter throughout the district was not quite so large as during the previous season, when much standing timber that had been run over by the destructive forest fires was cut, but is above the average, and as many logs will be brought down this spring as last. The cut of the winter will hardly fall short of 1,000,000,000 feet and the mills have a busy season ahead.

## Dropped Dead.

Hon. Myron E. Knight, aged 75, dropped dead in the hallway of his residence at Adrian. He was an old-school abolitionist, helped to organize the republican party "under the oaks" at Jackson in the early 50s, and had filled various important state and county offices.



# TILLMAN'S FIERY TONGUE.

South Carolinian Addresses the Senate-Senator Hill Replies.

Washington, May 2.—The session of the senate Friday was enlivened by two characteristic speeches—a fiery and impetuous one by Senator Tillman (S.C.) and a temperate and suggestive one by Senator Hill (N. Y.). Senator Tillman, wearing in his necktie an emblem of his last speech in the senate, a miniature gold pitchfork, strode up and down in the rear of the back seats on the democratic side of the chamber, gesticulating forcibly and inveighing against the president, the secretary of the treasury and the bankers and money lenders of Wall street, and threatening the withdrawal of his state from the democratic column if the Chicago convention should not declare in favor of free silver at sixteen to one. Senator Tillman had arisen to speak on the naval appropriation bill, but leaving the question of ships he said he would follow the precedent set in the discussion and talk of the financial question. He proceeded to criticize one of the speeches made some time ago by Senator Hill (Dem., N. Y.) in defense of the administration in issuing bonds. He characterized Senator Hill's argument on that point as "The tyrant's plea of necessity."

"With the representatives of the people in session," he continued, "the president overrides all decency; overrides the will of his own party and accomplishes by infraction what he has no authority to do directly."

"There is a greater feeling in the states west of the Mississippi against the bond-holding people of New York and the east than there ever was against the people of the south. To paraphrase the remark of Charles Sumner: 'Gold monometallism is sectional; free silver is national.'"

Senator Tillman went on to contrast the two democratic leaders, Calhoun and Cleveland, and said that Calhoun stood up for the people at large, while Cleveland was the exemplar and tool of the money classes and represented only the almighty dollar. He sneered at Mr. Cleveland's veto of small pension bills while he "turned over \$100,000,000 to one Jew." Senator Tillman declared that Mr. Cleveland had no financial policy except that of Senator Sherman, and said that Secretary Carlisle and Senator Sherman had exactly the same notions. Whenever he mentioned Carlisle, he meant Sherman, for they were interchangeable, except that the one was honest to his friends, the bankers, while the other had proven treacherous to his party.

"No one," Senator Tillman continued, "had the slightest idea that the democrats would win in the next election. On the one side were Cleveland and Carlisle and Sherman, and on the other side were Jackson, Jefferson and Lincoln. 'The senator from New York,' he continued, 'asked me what I was going to do with South Carolina at Chicago. I will say this to him. I expect to go to Chicago as a delegate to the national convention. I expect to do my level best as a democrat to keep my party back out of the woods of republicanism, and to throw off all the slough and rottenness that it has accumulated during the last three years. But if boodles is to win at Chicago, then I am willing to take my hat and bid the senator from New York, and all like him, a long farewell.'"

"As to where I will go," he continued, "I do not know. I will not go to populism. But populism is simply an expression of wrath and anger on the part of disgrusted democrats and disgrusted republicans. The people were in error at the last presidential election. They spattered themselves on the wall (laughter). Those of us democrats who have not been debauched, or who do not allow gold to control us, will line up somewhere, but we shall not be, after the election, under the gold standard. If we do not get a recognition of silver at the Chicago convention, then the democratic party is dead and gone forever. A new party will spring into existence. If we cannot beat you this time, we will serve notice on you that we will have America for Americans, and 'to the victors belong the spoils' (laughter). If we do not beat you in 1896, we will interest you in 1900."

Senator Hill's reply to Senator Tillman was dignified, but sarcastic. He, too, spoke of the Chicago convention; declared that he did not believe that Mr. Cleveland was a candidate for the re-nomination; said that he was not pledged to him or to any member of his cabinet; eulogized Mr. Carlisle for his public services, while criticising him for his interference against the reelection of Senator Blackburn, and closed with a long speech by declaring that the policy of the democratic party should be, "in essentials, unity; in nonessentials, liberty; in all things, charity."

## MURDER SUSPECTED.

Prevalent Citizen of West Superior, Wis., Found Dead.

West Superior, Wis., May 2.—Lewis C. Bratrud, a prominent board of trade man, was found dead on the street at about 10 o'clock Thursday evening. He was shot through the head. A revolver lay by his side. Three suspicious characters were seen around there shortly before the shot was fired, and it is believed he was murdered. Bratrud was well-to-do, but is reported to have lost heavily on the Chicago board last winter. He came to Superior from Watertown, S. D., three years ago.

Killed by Three Men. McKinney, O. T., May 2.—Rev. George McKinney, noted cowboy preacher, winner of McKinney, postmaster and peace officer of the peace, was murdered late Thursday evening by William Hooks, William Jones and Sidney Roberts. McKinney was in a field, and the men ambushed him and beat him with stones. There had been trouble over land contracts.

Defensive and Neutral Alliance. Panama, April 24.—The Star and Herald says: "The Buenos Ayres press states that a 'defensive and neutral' alliance has been concluded among Brazil, Bolivia, Uruguay and Paraguay to meet any emergency that might occur in case of war between Chile and Argentina."

# M'KINLEY GETS ILLINOIS.

Republicans in State Convention Indorse His Candidacy.

Springfield, Ill., May 1.—The opponents of Gov. McKinley's presidential aspirations capitulated Thursday in the republican state convention before a terrific onslaught of the friends of the Ohio statesman. By a majority of 329 in a total vote of 1,335—a majority as unexpected to the supporters of the Ohioan as it was staggering to Senator Cullom and his friends—the convention instructed the four delegates at large from Illinois to the St. Louis convention not merely to vote for and support the Ohio candidate, but actually "to present his name to that body as the candidate and choice of Illinois for the presidential nomination."

It is true that the form in which the resolution was adopted—the substitution of McKinley's name in the Cullom resolution—was due to the over zeal of a delegate who anticipated the regular McKinley indorsement which was to have been presented by the spokesman of his following—but in the enthusiasm and uproar that attended the contest between the two factions this point was lost to consideration, and as a result by the record as it stands the Illinois delegation to St. Louis may, should it see fit to carry out its instructions to the letter, claim a share with the Buckeyes in presenting to the convention the favorite son of Ohio. That the outcome was a crushing defeat for Senator Cullom and the Chicago



JOHN R. TANNER, NOMINEE FOR GOVERNOR.

element is conceded alike by vanquished and victors; and the result will be to make the country republicans for years to come more potent than heretofore in the councils of the party.

The exact wording of the resolution as adopted by acclamation is thus recorded by the official stenographer of the convention:

"Resolved, That the delegates to be elected by this convention to the republican national convention be and are hereby instructed to present to said national convention the name of Hon. William McKinley, of Ohio."

The state ticket, as completed at Thursday's session, is as follows: For governor, John R. Tanner; for lieutenant governor, W. A. Northcott; for secretary of state, James A. Rose; for state auditor, James R. McCullough; for state treasurer, Henry L. Hertz; for attorney-general, Edward C. Aklin; for trustees of the state university, Mrs. Mary T. Carriel, T. J. Smith and Francis McKay. The platform reported by the committee on resolutions was adopted. A synopsis follows:

Delegates at large to the St. Louis convention were chosen as follows: William Penn Nixon, of the Chicago Inter Ocean; R. W. Patterson, of the Tribune; ex-Gov. Oglesby, and ex-Gov. Pifer.

The platform announces the fealty of the party in Illinois to the fundamental principles of the party; denounces democratic maladministration as having brought disasters instead of the blessings which that party promised; declares the administration of President Cleveland has caused almost as much loss by depreciation of property and almost as much misery as did the civil war of the '60s; declares itself un-



WILLIAM A. NORTHCOTT, NOMINATED FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.

yielding in the demand for honest money, and opposes any scheme which will give this country a currency in any respect inferior to the money of the most advanced and intelligent nations of the earth; favors the use of silver as currency, but to the extent only and under such restrictions that party with gold can be maintained; reaffirms its faith in the principle of protection, and pronounces strongly in favor of reciprocity—the reciprocity of James G. Blaine; opposes extension of monarchical institutions upon any part of American soil; advocates a vigorous and dignified foreign policy, and condemns that of the present administration as vacillating and un-American; recommends strengthening of the navy and coast defenses; expresses sympathy with the Cuban insurgents; condemns Gov. Altgeld for failing to enforce the laws in perilous times, and his management of the state institutions as extravagant, inefficient and partisan, and arraigns him for his failure to keep his ante-election promises to prevent the competition of convict with free labor. The resolutions also favor the submission to the people by the next general assembly of an amendment to the constitution providing that legislative shall enact suitable laws to regulate contracts and conditions that may from time to time arise between employers and their employees.

Spanish Crops Suffer. Madrid, April 30.—The crops throughout Spain, especially cereals, have been almost destroyed by drought, and the government is about to organize public works for the purpose of furnishing employment to a large number of farm hands who are without work. It is calculated that unless there are heavy rains within a fortnight the losses to farmers will amount to 800,000,000 pesetas.

## How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that can not be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

P. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm. WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

No matter how happy and contented a man may look, if you give him a chance he will spend the day telling you his troubles. —Los Angeles Express.

## Are You Going to Cripple Creek?

The Santa Fe Route is the most direct and only through broad-gauge line from Chicago and Kansas City to the celebrated Cripple Creek gold mining district. Luxurious Pullmans, free reclining chair cars, fastest time and low rates.

A profusely illustrated book, descriptive of Cripple Creek, will be mailed free of charge on application to G. T. Nicholson, General Passenger Agent, Chicago, or a copy may be obtained from any agent of Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway.

"Big words an' fine clothes," said Uncle Eben, "is berry frequently alike in not kiberin' much dat re'ly 'mounts ter anything." —Washington Star.

## The Rock of Gibraltar

Is not steadier than a system liberated from the shackles of chills and fever, bilious remittent or dumb ague by Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a perfect antidote to malarial poison in air or water. It is also an unexcelled remedy for bilious, rheumatic or kidney complaints, dyspepsia and nervousness. It improves appetite and sleep and hastens convalescence.

The difference between a somnambulist and a messenger boy is trifling: One walks in his sleep, and the other sleeps in his walk. —Philadelphia Press.

## Schiller Theater, Chicago.

Chas. H. Yale's "Greater Twelve Temptations" will be the attraction for one week, beginning May 3d. Do not miss seeing it.

In general, treachery, though at first sufficiently cautious, yet in the end betrays itself. —Livy.

Cure your cough with Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

A PILGRIMAGE is an admirable remedy for overfastidiousness and sickly refinement. —Tuckerman.

The man who loves with his whole heart truth will love still more he who suffers for truth. —Lavater.

AFTER physicians had given me up, I was saved by Piso's Cure. —RALPH EHLEG, Williamsport, Pa., Nov. 23, 1893.

## THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, May 4.	
LIVE STOCK—Steers.....	\$4 00 @ 4 65
Sheep.....	3 65 @ 4 65
Hogs.....	3 90 @ 4 20
FLOUR—Minnesota Patents.....	3 75 @ 4 05
Fancy.....	2 75 @ 2 95
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	72 1/2 @ 72 3/4
May.....	69 1/2 @ 70 1/2
CORN—No. 2.....	35 1/2 @ 35 3/4
May.....	35 1/2 @ 35 3/4
OATS—Western.....	25 @ 28
PORK—Mess, New.....	10 00 @ 10 25
LARD—Rendered.....	5 05 @ 5 10
BUTTER—Western Cr'm'y.....	11 @ 15 1/2
EGGS.....	10 @ 11

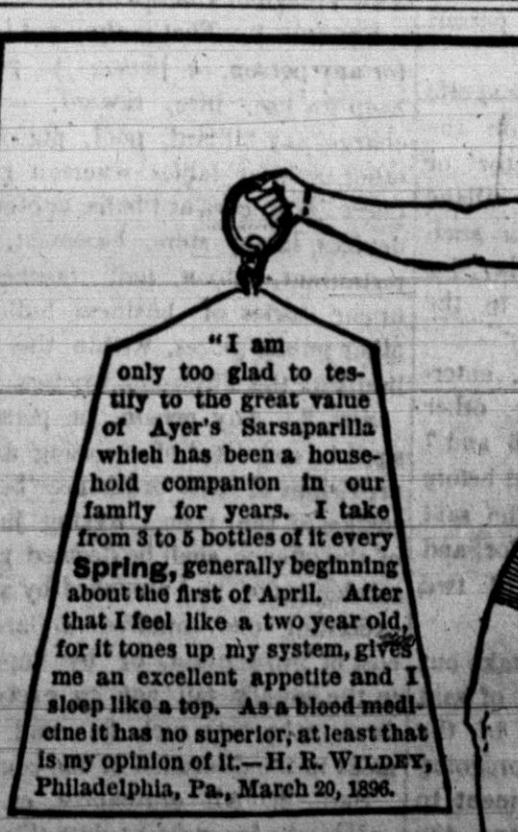
CHICAGO.	
CATTLE—Beeves.....	\$3 50 @ 4 40
Stockers and Feeders.....	2 80 @ 3 90
Cows and Bulls.....	1 50 @ 2 30
Texas Steers.....	2 80 @ 3 90
HOGS—Light.....	3 35 @ 3 60
Rough Packing.....	3 05 @ 3 20
SHEEP.....	2 50 @ 3 75
BUTTER—Western Cr'm'y.....	11 @ 15
Dairy.....	8 @ 12
EGGS—Fresh.....	8 @ 9 1/2
POTATOES (per bu.).....	12 @ 17
PORK—Mess.....	7 81 1/2 @ 8 00
LARD—Steam.....	4 72 1/2 @ 4 75
FLOUR—Winter.....	2 10 @ 3 60
Spring.....	40 @ 3 25
GRAIN—Wheat, May.....	60 1/2 @ 60 1/2
Corn, No. 2.....	28 1/2 @ 28 1/2
Oats, No. 2.....	19 @ 19 1/2
Rye, No. 2.....	35 @ 35 1/2
Barley, Good to Fancy.....	29 @ 35

MILWAUKEE.	
GRAIN—Wheat, No. 2 Spring.....	61 @ 61 1/2
Corn, No. 3.....	29 1/2 @ 29 1/2
Oats, No. 2 White.....	20 @ 20 1/2
Rye, No. 1.....	33 @ 33 1/2
Barley, No. 2.....	38 @ 38 1/2
PORK—Mess.....	8 10 @ 8 15
LARD.....	4 75 @ 4 80

DETROIT.	
GRAIN—Wheat, No. 2 Red.....	66 1/2 @ 66 1/2
Corn, No. 2.....	26 @ 26 1/2
Oats, No. 2 White.....	21 1/2 @ 21 1/2
Rye, No. 2.....	36 @ 36 1/2

ST. LOUIS.	
CATTLE—Native Steers.....	\$3 80 @ 4 40
Texas.....	2 80 @ 3 90
HOGS.....	3 10 @ 3 47 1/2
SHEEP.....	2 25 @ 3 90

OMAHA.	
CATTLE—Steers.....	\$3 30 @ 4 00
Cows.....	1 50 @ 3 50
Feeders.....	2 75 @ 3 50
HOGS.....	3 10 @ 3 50
SHEEP.....	3 15 @ 3 40



WEIGHTY WORDS FOR Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Is a prize fighter and champion in every contest with

# RHEUMATIC PAINS

It knocks out in every round, and on its belt is written "I CURE."

# Real Cocoa

The test of 115 years proves the purity of Walter Baker & Co.'s Cocoa and Chocolate.

WALTER BAKER & CO., Limited, Dorchester, Mass.

There is no dividing line.

# Battle Ax PLUG

DON'T FORGET for 5 cents you get almost as much "Battle Ax" as you do of other brands for 10 cents.

DON'T FORGET that "Battle Ax" is made of the best leaf grown, and the quality cannot be improved.

DON'T FORGET, no matter how much you are charged for a small piece of other brands, the chew is no better than "Battle Ax."

DON'T FORGET, "Economy is wealth," and you want all you can get for your money. Why pay 10 cents for other brands when you can get "Battle Ax" for 5 cents?

# NEARLY 2,000,000 ACRES

Of Government Lands Now Open to Settlement IN NORTHERN ARKANSAS

They are fertile, well-watered, heavily-timbered, and produce grains, grasses, fruits and vegetables in abundance. North Arkansas apples are noted. The climate is delightful, winters mild and short. These lands are subject to homestead entry of 160 acres each. Now is the time to get a home. For further information as to character of lands, manner of entering them, in what counties located, with maps of the district, address E. V. M. POWELL, Immigration Agent, Harrison, Ark. Inclose One Dollar. Remit by Money Order or Registered Letter. Refer to Bank of Harrison and Boone County Bank, Harrison, Ark.

You Must Know

accompanying map is the Chicago & Alton R. R. Write or call to-day, for lowest rates and full particulars. R. Somerville, General Agent Passenger Department, 101 Adams Street, Marquette Building, Chicago, Illinois.

**FAYETTE COUNTY, WEST TENNESSEE.**  
Come here for rental climate and big crops. Northern farmers own homes here. A. J. HOOKS, Secretary, SOMERVILLE, Fayette County, Tennessee.

**HOME**  
TREATISE on the Eye and Ear sent for 10 cents. DR. MCATRICH, Eye and Ear Specialist, Masonic Temple, Chicago.

**OPIUM**  
and WHISKY habits cured. Book sent FREE. Dr. E. E. WOOLLEY, Atlanta, Ga. OP-NAME THIS PAPER every time you write.

A. N. K.—A 1603

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE state that you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

**PISO'S CURE FOR**  
GINS WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.  
Best Cough Syrup, Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.



# Washington Letter.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 1, 1896.—"The jig is up with silver," said a prominent silver man, "so far as the Republican national convention is concerned. That has been apparent for some time, and the recent publication of Senator Wolcott's letter declaring his intention to stand by the Republican party regardless of the financial platform adopted at St. Louis, and the declaration to the same effect made by Gov. McConnell, of Idaho, are additional proof that the silver Republicans are fully aware of the situation." Senator Teller openly served notice upon the Republicans that he would not support a gold ticket or platform. At this time it seems almost certain that the Democratic national convention will have a majority of silver men, but many of the silver Democrats admit that it is very doubtful whether a pronounced silver man will be nominated or a free silver platform adopted, owing to influences which are being exerted to prevent. The Populists would prefer that neither of the old parties declare in favor of silver, as they think that would enable them to draw silver men from both.

Speaker Reed got a black eye when the Vermont Republicans endorsed Gov. McKinley as their first choice for the Presidential nomination, and it was entirely unexpected, too. It has, of course, resulted in making the McKinley men more jubilant than ever.

The Senate this week listened to eulogies of Father Marquette from Senators Vilas and Mitchell, of Wisconsin, and Kyle, of South Dakota, and adopted a resolution offered by Senator Palmer, of Illinois, accepting the statue of Father Marquette and returning the thanks of Congress to the state of Wisconsin for the same. The A. P. A. will probably make a fight on this resolution when it gets in the House.

No speech made at this session of Congress has attracted more attention than that of Senator Gorman attacking the large naval appropriations, not because of his opposition to the navy, but because of the fact that more money by \$151,000,000 is being appropriated than it is estimated that the government will receive from all sources during the fiscal year beginning July 1 next. He said that one of three things must be done, but down appropriations, increase taxation or issue more bonds. He called the \$162,000,000 received from the sale of bonds by the present administration "blood money," but gave notice that if the naval appropriation bill was not reduced he would offer to amend it by providing for an issue of \$50,000,000 in short term, low interest certificates, because of his belief that it was better to issue that form of indebtedness than the long term, high interest bonds which the Treasury will otherwise have to issue. Referring to the determined purpose to put this nation on a war footing and inaugurate on this continent the principle of military control, upon which the European powers are based, Mr. Gorman said: "Our is a stronger structure, built up by a people who have no arms in their hands and who need not standing armies to defend or protect them." He presented figures showing that from 1891 to 1895 the appropriations had exceeded the receipts to the enormous extent of \$398,000,000. This excess, he said, had been met in part by the money received from the sale of bonds, and the rest had been held back by the Secretary of the Treasury, who had been compelled to withhold money justly due to citizens.

There should not be the slightest doubt about the House agreeing to the Senate amendment to the naval appropriation bill, prohibiting officers of the navy entering the employ of private firms who have contracts with the government, as it has very clearly been shown that the practice has been abused almost to the extent of a scandal. The amendment will go into effect, if agreed to by the House, June 30, 1897.

The Nicaragua Canal scheme was given a further set back by the testimony of Col. Ludlow, the army officer who was chairman of the government commission which went over the route of the canal to investigate, before the House Commerce Committee. Col. Ludlow says the construction of the canal is feasible, but not upon the present plans, which he thinks are based largely upon guesswork instead of trustworthy data.

The silver question is said to have been one of the causes of the enforced resignation of P. B. Lyles, who has been chief clerk of the Bureau of Animal Industry of the Agricultural Department for several years and who is now making silver speeches in Missouri. He was appointed at the request of Senators Vest and Cockrell.

For sale, two village lots, centrally located. Inquire at this office.

# Ordinance No. 14.

AN ORDINANCE relative to licensing auctioneers, to license and regulate hawkers and peddlers, to regulate sales of property at auction, and to require transient traders and dealers to take out licenses before engaging in business within the Village of Chelsea.

The Village of Chelsea ordains:

SECTION 1. Whoever shall sell, or offer to sell, at auction within the village of Chelsea, any goods, wares or merchandise, shall, before making any such sale, take out a village license therefor, and shall pay for such license not less than five dollars per day nor more than twenty-five dollars per day, in the discretion of the Clerk of the said village.

SEC. 2. It shall be unlawful for any auctioneer to sell at auction any property whatever upon any square or street within the village, except as designated in his license.

SEC. 3. Whoever shall sell, or offer to sell, any meat in less quantities than by the quarter, any fish or goods, wares or merchandise, or any useful article not of his or her own manufacture, not having any regular place of business in said village, shall be deemed a hawker or peddler, and every hawker or peddler shall, before doing business as such within the said village, obtain a license therefor, and shall pay for said license the sum of not less than one dollar nor more than five dollars for each and every day, in the discretion of said Clerk.

SEC. 4. Whoever shall sell, or offer for sale, goods, wares, or merchandise, or patent medicines, in places of business or otherwise, who are transient traders or dealers, shall, before doing business as such within the said village of Chelsea, obtain a village license therefor, and shall pay for said license the sum of not less than five dollars nor more than ten dollars per day for each and every day, in the discretion of said Clerk. Every person or persons who shall enter into mercantile business in said village and open a store for the sale of goods, wares, merchandise or patent medicines, as aforesaid, shall be deemed a transient trader for a period of six months from the time of commencement of such business. Provided, however, that after the Clerk shall have fixed the amount of license per day, the transient trader may at his option, in lieu of the payment of said daily license, pay to the Village Treasurer the sum of one hundred dollars, and shall also execute and deliver to said Treasurer a bond, to be approved by said Treasurer, running to said village, in the penal sum, of three hundred dollars, conditioned that in case he goes out of such business previous to six months from the date thereof, that he will pay to said village the amount such daily license fee may amount to up to that time, less the said sum of one hundred dollars already paid in. Provided further, that in case said transient trader shall have continued in such business over six months, and shall have paid village and general taxes for one year same as other established business places in said village, then said one hundred dollars so paid in to said Treasurer shall be refunded to said trader.

SEC. 5. In case of the absence of the Clerk, or of his inability to fix and determine the amount of such licenses, on account of sickness, or otherwise, then the discretion heretofore lodged in said Clerk, shall be exercised by the President of the said Village.

SEC. 6. Before any foreign concert troupe, or theatrical company shall give any concert, or dramatic entertainment for pay, within the Village of Chelsea, such troupe, or company, shall obtain a village license therefor, and shall pay for such license the sum of two dollars for each entertainment. Provided, however, that whenever the Clerk shall be satisfied that at least one-half of the proceeds of any theatrical, dramatic or musical entertainment are to be devoted to any local educational, scientific, benevolent or charitable purpose he may give a permit therefor free of license.

SEC. 7. Before any circus or manager shall be exhibited for pay within the Village of Chelsea, the proprietor or manager thereof shall obtain a village license therefor, and shall pay for such license the sum of ten dollars per day, for every day such show is opened to the public.

SEC. 8. All other foreign shows, entertainments, or exhibitions for pay, other than those mentioned in sections 6 and 7 of this ordinance, shall be required before any exhibition is given, within the said Village, to take out a license therefor, and shall pay for such license the sum of two dollars for each entertainment.

SEC. 9. All persons wishing to take out a license shall apply to the Clerk of said Village, who shall fix the amount of the license fee under any of the foregoing sections, and who shall upon payment to him of the required amount, and the presentation of a written statement of the

business in which he or she proposes to engage, issue and deliver to the person presenting the same, a license in accordance with the terms of this ordinance.

SEC. 10. No money shall be returned for any unused license, nor shall any license issued under this ordinance be transferred or assigned.

SEC. 11. Any person, or persons, violating any provision of this ordinance shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, before any justice of the peace, having jurisdiction of the offence, shall be fined in any sum not to exceed one hundred dollars, and costs of prosecution, or shall be imprisoned in the county jail not to exceed sixty days, or both such fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the court.

SEC. 12. All ordinances, or parts of ordinances, inconsistent with this ordinance are hereby repealed.

SEC. 13. This ordinance shall take effect and be in full force from and after twenty days after its passage.

Approved this 22 day of April, A. D. 1896, by order of the Village Council.

WM. P. SCHENK, President.  
JOHN B. COLE, Clerk.

# Ordinance No. 15.

AN ORDINANCE relative to assigning certain buildings wherein persons may exercise the trade or employment of standing stallions for the use of mares, and making it unlawful for any person or persons to carry on such trade or employment at any other place or places within the Village of Chelsea, and making it unlawful to use the streets or other public places of the Village of Chelsea, for the purpose of exhibiting or training stallions.

The Village of Chelsea ordains:

SECTION 1. That all barns situated not less than forty (40) rods from any dwelling house within the limits of the Village of Chelsea, is hereby assigned wherein the trade or employment of standing stallions for the use of mares may be carried on.

SEC. 2. That it shall be unlawful for any person or persons to exercise the trade or employment of standing stallions for the use of mares within the limits of said Village except in such place or places as are assigned and designated by Section One of this ordinance.

SEC. 3. That it shall not be lawful for any person or persons to use any of the streets or public places of the said Village for the purpose of exhibiting or training stallions.

SEC. 4. Any person or persons who shall be convicted before any justice of the peace having jurisdiction of the offence of violating any of the provisions of this ordinance, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be fined not to exceed one hundred (100) dollars and costs of prosecution, or shall be imprisoned in the county jail not to exceed ninety (90) days or both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court.

SEC. 5. All ordinances or parts of ordinances inconsistent with this ordinance are hereby repealed.

SEC. 6. This ordinance shall take effect and be in full force from and after twenty days after its passage.

Approved April 22, 1896, by order of the Village Council.

WM. P. SCHENK, President.  
JOHN B. COLE, Clerk.

# Ordinance No. 16.

AN ORDINANCE relative to the suppression of the use of Billiard, Pool, Pigeon-hole, or other table or tables, whereon games are played with cues and balls, or other similar devices, kept for use, hire, reward, or free of charge, in any store, basement, grocery, restaurant, saloon, hall, business block, upper stories of business buildings, or other public places within the corporate limits of the Village of Chelsea, and to repeal all ordinances, or parts of ordinances inconsistent with this ordinance.

The Village of Chelsea ordains:

SECTION 1. That it shall not be lawful for any person, or persons to put up or keep for use, hire, reward, or free of charge, any billiard, pool, pigeon-hole, or other table or tables whereon games are played, with cues and balls, or other similar devices, in any store, basement, grocery, restaurant, saloon, hall, business block, upper stories of business buildings, or other public places, within the corporate limits of the Village of Chelsea.

SEC. 2. Any person, or persons, who shall be convicted of violating any of the provisions of this ordinance before any justice of the peace, having jurisdiction of the offence, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and punished by a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars, besides cost of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the county jail not to exceed ninety days, or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court.

SEC. 3. All ordinances or parts of ordinances inconsistent with this ordinance are hereby repealed.

SEC. 4. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after three months after its passage.

Approved April 22, A. D. 1896.  
WM. P. SCHENK, President.  
JOHN B. COLE, Clerk.

# Notice.

Letting of gravel contracts near William Long's and also near John Guthrie's.

Notice is hereby given that I will let to the lowest bidder, or bidders, in the highway in front of the house of William Long, on the 28th day of May, 1896, at 9 o'clock a. m., the drawing of fifty dollars' worth of gravel, to be placed on the highway between said Long's and Stephen Gage's place. I will also, on the same day, at 2 o'clock p. m., in front of the house of John Guthrie, let to the lowest bidder, or bidders, the drawing of one hundred dollars' worth of gravel, to be placed on the highway between said Guthrie's and John Rach's place, wherever directed by me. Other specifications made known at time of bidding.

Dated Chelsea, Mich., May 6, 1896.  
MICHAEL WACKENHUT,  
Highway Commissioner.

# Markets.

Chelsea, May 7, 1896.	
Eggs, per dozen	08c
Butter, per pound	12c
Oats, per bushel	20c
Corn, per bushel	20c
Wheat, per bushel	70c
Potatoes, per bushel	15c
Apples, per bushel	75c
Onions, per bushel	25c
Beans, per bushel	\$1 00

When fevers and other epidemics are around, safety lies in fortifying the system with Ayer's Sarsaparilla. A person having thin and impure blood is in the most favorable condition to "catch" whatever disease may be floating in the air. Be wise in time.

# F. & A. M.

Regular meetings of Olive Lodge, No. 156, F. & A. M., for 1896:  
Jan. 28; Feb. 25; Mar. 24; April 21; May 26; June 23; July 21; Aug. 18; Sept. 15; Oct. 20; Nov. 17; annual meeting and election of officers Dec. 15. J. D. SCHNAITMAN, Sec.

# DOCTORS

# KENNEDY & KERGAN

Specialists in the Treatment of Nervous, Blood, Sexual and Private Diseases

17 Years in DETROIT. 200,000 Cured

**YOUNG MAN** You are nervous and debilitated; tired mornings; no ambition; lifeless; memory poor; easily fatigued; excitable; eyes sunken, red and blurred; pimples on face; dreams and night losses; drains at stool; oozing on excitement; haggard looking; weak back; bone pains; ulcers; hair loose; sore throat; varicose veins; want of confidence; impotency; loss of energy and you need help.

**MARRIAGE** This important step in life should never be taken until you are positively cured if you have been weakened or diseased. Remember "Like father, like son." Emissions, varicose veins, spermatorrhea, and syphilis endanger happiness in married life. Our New Method cures them permanently. If you are married consult us at once, as we can restore your strength, vital energy and desire. If you wish to marry, our advice may be worth a fortune to you.

**Don't Let Your Life be Drained Away!**  
**The New Method Treatment.** This System and New Method was discovered by us several years ago. It builds up and strengthens the nervous system; restores lost vitality to the sexual organs; stops all drains and losses; invigorates and restores lost manhood. It never fails in curing the results of Self Abuse, Later Excesses, Blood Diseases, or the effects of a Misspent Life.

**CURES GUARANTEED OR NO PAY**

**What we Treat and Cure!**

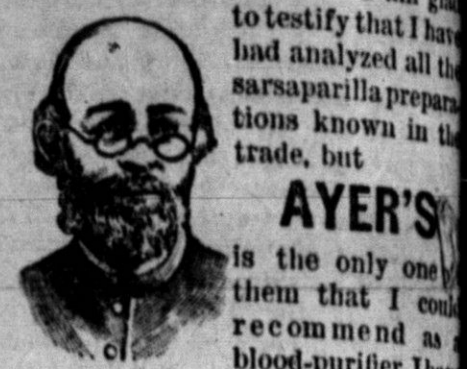
Emissions, Varicose Veins, Syphilis, Nervous Debility, Stricture, Gleet, Impotency, Unnatural Discharges, Lost Manhood, Kidney and Bladder Diseases, Constipation Free. Books (Illustrated) Free. Write for Question Blank for Home Treatment. Everything Confidential. Plain envelopes. Nothing sent C. O. D. See testimonials next week.

**DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN**  
148 Shelby St., Detroit, Mich.



# The Only One To Stand the Test

Rev. William Copp, whose father was a physician for over fifty years in New Jersey, and who himself spent many years preparing for the practice of medicine, but subsequently entered the ministry of the M. E. Church, writes: "I am glad to testify that I have had analyzed all the sarsaparilla preparations known in the trade, but



is the only one of them that I can recommend as a blood-purifier. I have given away hundreds of bottles of it, as I consider it the safest as well as the best to be had."—WM. COPP, Pastor M. E. Church, Jackson, Minn.

**AYER'S**  
THE ONLY WORLD'S FAIR  
Sarsaparilla  
When in doubt, ask for Ayer's

# MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

Time table taking effect March 1st, 1896.

90th MERIDIAN TIME.  
Passenger Trains on the Michigan Central Railroad will leave Chelsea Station as follows:

**GOING EAST.**  
Detroit Night Express.....5:10 A.  
Atlantic Express.....7:02 A.  
Grand Rapids Express.....10:35 A.  
Mail and Express.....3:19 P.

**GOING WEST.**  
Mail and Express.....9:12 A.  
Grand Rapids Express.....6:30 P.  
Chicago Night Express.....10:47 P.  
No. 87 will stop at Chelsea for passengers getting on at Detroit or east Detroit.

WM. MARTIN, Agent, Chelsea.  
O. W. RUGGLES, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago.

# FIRE! FIRE!!

If you want insurance call Giltbert & Crowell. We represent companies whose gross assets amount to the sum of \$45,000,000.

# The COAST LINE to MACKINAC

TAKE THE



2 New Steel Passenger Steamers

The Greatest Perfection yet attained in Construction—Luxurious Equipment, Art Furnishings, Decoration and Efficient Service insuring the highest degree of COMFORT, SPEED AND SAFETY.

FOUR TIMES PER WEEK BETWEEN Toledo, Detroit & Mackinac.

PETOSKEY, "THE BOO," MARQUETTE, AND DULUTH.

LOW RATES to Picturesque Mackinac Island, including meals and Bertha, Cleveland, \$1.00; from Toledo, \$1.15; from Detroit, \$1.30.

EVERY EVENING Between Detroit and Cleveland

Connecting at Cleveland with Eastern Trains for all points East, South and Southwest and Detroit for all points North and Northwest.

Sunday Trips June, July, August and September EVERY DAY BETWEEN Cleveland, Put-in-Bay & Toledo

Send for Illustrated Pamphlet. Address A. A. SCHWARTZ, S. P. A., DETROIT, MICH.

The Detroit and Cleveland Steam Ship

# Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the execution of a mortgage made and executed by James L. Palmer to Ann E. Crippen, 27th, 1891, recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for Washtenaw County, Mich., 27th, 1891, in Liber 77 of Mortgages, on 24th, which mortgage was assigned by Crippen to Catharine Palmer, and said assignment recorded in said Register of Mortgages, on page 223, upon which mortgage is claimed to be due at the date of this notice the sum of \$100.00, with interest provided for in said mortgage, the sum of \$100.00 and six dollars.

Notice is hereby given that said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgaged premises at public vendue to the highest bidder, on the 10th day of July next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the southerly front door of the Court House in the City of Ann Arbor, said county, to satisfy the amount claimed to be due on said mortgage, and all legal costs to-wit: The west half of the southwest quarter of section twenty-two, Township of Saginaw, Washtenaw County, State of Michigan.

Dated April 14th, 1896.  
CATHARINE PALMER,  
Assignee of said Mortgage.  
D. C. GRIFFIN,  
Attorney for Assignee.